#### STATE OF UTAH

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Prepared by:

Department of Finance and Administration

Ronald W. Foggin

Finance Director

James P. Davidson

City Administrator

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	I
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	VI
Organizational Chart	VII
List of Principal Officials	VIII
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	16
Statement of Activities	17-18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	
and Redevelopment Agency	21
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Assets	22-23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Assets	24
Statement of Cash Flows	25-26
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27-54
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Financial Statements - Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	56
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances	57
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects, Special Revenue	
and Debt Service Funds	
Capital Projects Streets Fund	59
Capital Projects MBA Fund	60
General Debt Service Fund	61
Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund	62

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Supplementary Individual Fund Schedules - General Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	64-66
Combining Financial Statements - Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	68
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Assets	69
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	70
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends:	
Schedule 1 - Net Assets by Component	72
Schedule 2 - Changes in Net Assets	73-74
Schedule 3 - Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	75
Schedule 4 - Changes in Fund Balances, Governmenal Funds	76
Schedule 5 - Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds	77
Revenue Capacity:	
Schedule 6 - Direct Taxable Sales by Category	78
Schedule 7 - Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable	
Property	79
Schedule 8- Property Tax Levies and Collections	80
Schedule 9 - Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	81
Schedule 10 - Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	82
Schedule 11 - Principal Sales Tax Payers	83
Schedule 12 - Principal Property Tax Payers	84
Debt Capacity:	
Schedule 13 - Raios of Outstanding Debt by Type	85
Schedule 14 - Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	86
Schedule 15 - Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	87
Schedule 16 - Legal Debt Margin Information	88
Schedule 17 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Water Revenue Bonds	89
Schedule 18 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	90
Schedule 19 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Excise Tax Road Bonds	91
Schedule 20 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Sewer Revenue Bonds	92
Schedule 21 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Electric Revenue Bonds	93
Schedule 22- Pledged Revenue Coverage Drainage Revenue Bonds	94

Demographic and Economic Information:	
Schedule 23 - Demographic and Economic Statistics	95
Schedule 24 - Principal Employers	96
Schedule 25 - Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by	
Function / Program	97
Schedule 26 - Operating Indicators by Function / Program	98
Schedule 27 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function / Program	99
Schedule 28 - Impact Fees Schedule	100

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



153 North 100 East - P.O. Box 255 - Lehi, Utah 84043-1895 801-768-7100 - Fax: 801-768-7101

December 1, 2006

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of Lehi City:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Lehi City (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by Osborne, Robbins and Buhler PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accounts. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year June 30, 2006, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

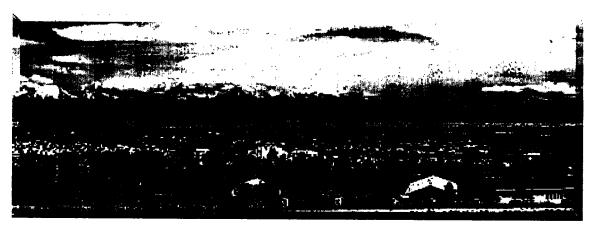
#### Profile of the Government

Lehi is located 12 miles north of Provo and 23 miles south of Salt Lake City. Lehi was settled by Mormon pioneers in 1850 and was known by several different names: Sulphur Springs, Snow's Springs, Dry Creek and Evansville. The final name settled on by the Town's people was Lehi. The City was incorporated in 1852. Lehi is Utah's sixth oldest City.

The City has had a strong mayor form of government since 1852. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and five city council members. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's administrator, recorder, and treasurer. The City's administrator is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing heads of the various departments. The mayor and city council are elected on a non-partisan basis. City council members serve four-year staggered terms. The mayor is elected to serve a four-year term. The mayor and all five city council seats are elected at large.

Lehi has a rich history. The Overland Stage Coach Route ran though the town. The famous Pony Express Trail ran next to the town. The Transcontinental Telegraph line ran adjacent to the City.

The City is a beautiful place to live. Just to the south is Utah Lake used for boating, fishing and hunting. The river that drains Utah Lake is the Jordan River, which runs through the City. To the east of the City are the beautiful Wasatch Mountains and to the west are the White Mountains and Oquirrh Mountains. All of which are within thirty minutes of Lehi offering a variety of activities including hiking, mountain biking, fishing, camping and skiing.

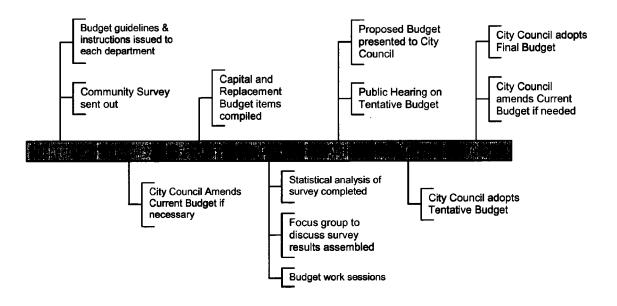


The City has a very western feel with many of the downtown businesses operating in buildings built in the late 1800s. The Lehi Roundup is a five-day celebration with many different community events, a stock parade, a standard parade and a professional rodeo. The Lehi Roundup Rodeo is one of the oldest rodeos in the state.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and roads; parks; both commercial and residential building inspection; a wide variety of recreational programs; and cultural events. The City also owns and operates a culinary water system, a secondary water system, a wastewater system, a storm water system, an

electrical distribution system, solid waste collection, a swimming facility, and an emergency medical service.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City's budget process is well laid out starting in December for a budget that will be adopted by June 22 and goes into effect July 1. The creation of the budget follows the time line below:



The City is required to hold two public hearings on the proposed budget. The first public hearing must be held by May 22 for the adoption of the tentative budget. The second public hearing must be held by June 22 for the adoption of the final budget.

Within the existing budget, department heads may make transfers of appropriations inside their department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 21 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, other than the general fund, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 60. Also included in the governmental fund subsection are project-length budget-to-actual comparisons for each governmental fund for which a project-length budget has been adopted (i.e., the special revenue funds and the capital project fund).

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

#### **Local Economy**

The City has enjoyed strong residential growth for the last ten years and it appears that growth will continue for a number of years to come. The commercial growth has really picked up with

the opening of Walgreens Drug, Lowes Hardware and a Costco. There are several restaurants planned for 2007 as well as three hotels. A large developer is planning to add 800,000 square feet of office space at the north end of the City. The new Cabela's store, a one of a kind retailer is enjoying great success. The City has some of the best undeveloped commercial frontage along the Wasatch Front.

The region has Brigham Young University, Utah Valley State College and the University of Utah within 25 minutes of the City center. These higher education facilities employ more than 3,000 people. These universities provide a strong educated work force for a large number of high tech businesses in the area. The region also provides some of the best medical facilities in the western United States. Utah County, the County in which the City is located, has an unemployment rate of 2.5%, which is slightly lower than the State of Utah, which is at 2.6%.

#### Long-term Financial Planning

The City's long-term goals are expressed simply as meeting tomorrow's needs with good financial decisions and by continuing to forecast capital improvements into the future. The identification and implementation of long term planning has permitted the City to construct one of the finest park systems in our region. From just three parks a few years ago to more than a dozen major facilities today, we have successfully transformed our community's park system and created exceptional open spaces for our citizen's enjoyment. The strategic planning for parks has been expanded to include a trail system that will allow joggers, walkers and bicyclists to enjoy the Dry Creek Basin, which runs through the entire City.

In our utility area, numerous long-term goals include maintenance of a high service level and sufficient advance planning to meet expected demands. For example, the culinary water system planning process has required the City Engineer to prepare a capital facilities plan that provides for the provision of resources, storage and transmission systems to keep up with the demands of our growing community. An example of success in long-term planning has been made in the area of power. With a good twenty-year strategic plan, the City was able to bond for six million dollars to complete a new substation as well as improvements to existing substations. Without the strategic plan in place the City would not be able to anticipate infrastructure needs in a timely manner and some services could be interrupted.

Our storm drainage plans include ambitious expansions in the future to deal with years of neglect and the pressure of growth. Likewise, sewer and road systems are under careful review to be certain that as our systems age they are maintained in a manner that identifies and solves problems before failures occur. Currently there are no plans to bond for any infrastructure projects in the next two years, but in the next five years there will be additional road excess bonds issued to continue improvement to roadways and sidewalks. In ten years the City will more than likely bond for \$4,200,000 for park property that is currently being leased. With long term plans, it becomes easier to be proactive rather than being reactive.

Finally, our commitment to public safety cannot be overstated. The City started in August 2006 24/7 EMS service. The roll out of this much needed service was a culmination of years of planning. This is only one step in a continuing effort to improve public safety. Additional fire personnel are needed to make the service complete. This was a huge commitment, but one that needed to occur as response time to accidents and fires had fallen far below national standards.

As a long-term goal it is clear that a sense of safety must be maintained if our citizens are to enjoy the wide array of programs and activities being provided in the community. Lehi's strategic plan

has identified the need for several more satellite fire/EMS stations on the south and north ends of the City. If the growth continues as it has over the last ten years a new fire station will be critically needed in the next three years. A new satellite fire station will allow the fire and EMS departments to respond to emergency calls much faster on the northeast side of the City.

#### **Cash Management Policies and Practices**

The City maintains an active investment program with the State Investment Pool as well as with local banking institutions. All investments comply with the Utah Money Management Act. The City's investment policy includes many self-imposed constraints in order to effectively safeguard the public funds involved. Idle cash is invested on a daily basis. The City maintains a zero cash balance at a local bank. Funds wash into an investment account at the end of each day, maximizing the City's interest income.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This was the eighth consecutive year the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2007. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance, treasury, and administration departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Fores P. DAVIDSON

James P. Davidson City Administrator Ronald W. Foggin
Assistant City Administrator

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Lehi City Corporation Utah

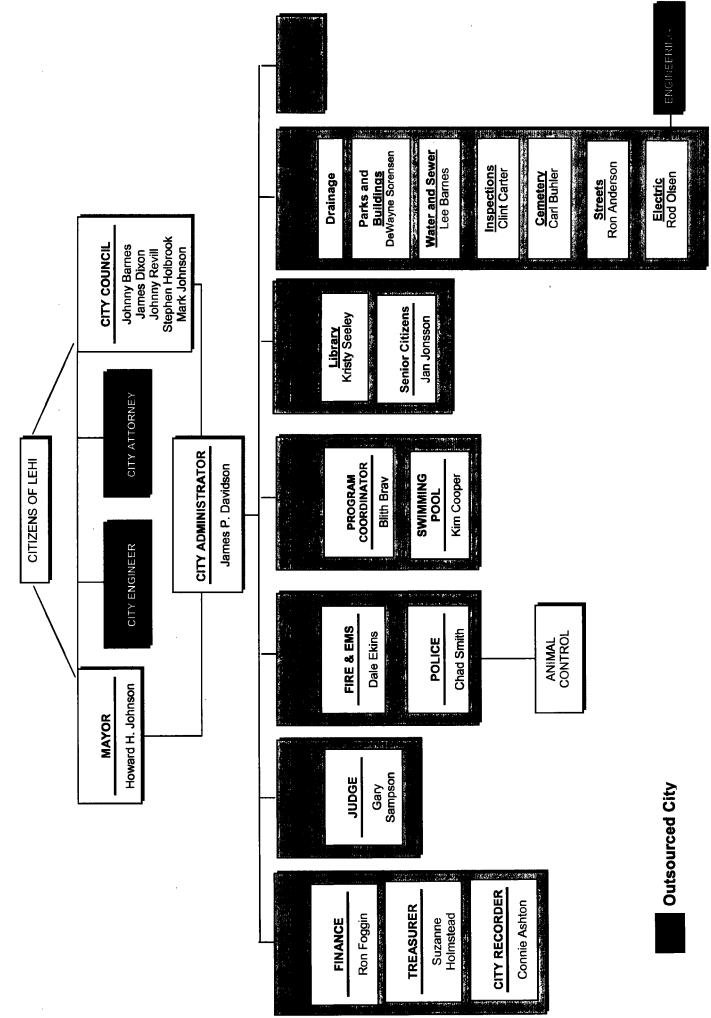
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

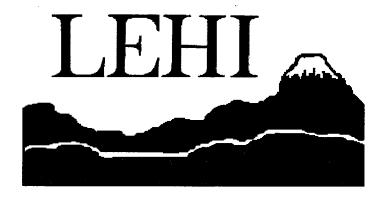
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

CHANGE OFFICE CHANGE OF THE CHANGE OF T

President

**Executive Director** 





#### **Principal Officials**

For the Fiscal Year July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006

> Howard H. Johnson Mayor

> > **Johnny Barnes**

Councilperson

**James Dixon** 

Councilperson

**Mark Johnson** 

Councilperson

Stephen Holbrook

Councilperson

**Johnny Revill** 

Councilperson

James P. Davidson

City Administrator

FINANCIAL SECTION

#### OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2006, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 14 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lehi City Corporation, Utah basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining, and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Oslome Rolling & Bahler PLLE

December 1, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

As management of the City, we offer readers of City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages I - V of this report.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$235,471,056 (net assets). Of this amount, \$19,045,350 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The total net assets of \$235,471,056 are made up of \$207,391,645 in capital assets net of related debt and \$28,079,441 in other net assets.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11,944,652. This ending fund balance is \$2,067,945 more than the beginning fund balance of \$9,876,707.
- The City's total debt increased by a net of \$7,039,022 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was the issuance of \$6,000,000 in power revenue bonds. This bond money was used to fund a new substation and upgrades to existing substations.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to of the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net assets presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, community development, streets and highways, parks, recreation and culture, and cemetery. The business-type activities of the City include culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate museum for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Redevelopment Agency and Municipal Building Authority, although legally separate, function for all practical purposes as departments of the City, and therefore have been included as integral parts of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

• Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spend-able resources, as well as on balances of spend-able resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital projects – streets fund, and the redevelopment agency special revenue fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statement can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, and drainage funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, the swimming pool fund, ambulance fund, and the garbage fund are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for these funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report. As of July 1, 2005, the operations of the swimming pool fund and the ambulance fund were consolidated into the general fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-26 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statement.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27-54 of this report.

Other information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 56-72 of this report.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, net assets exceeded liabilities by \$235,471,056 at the close of the most recent year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (88%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets (3.8%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* \$19,045,350 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The governmental activities column reflects an increase in net assets of \$24,449,075. The increase is due to a large increase in capital assets. Much of the capital assets come from contributions from developer as they add infrastructure.

The net assets of the City's business-type activities increased by 29% to \$120,554,078 compared to \$93,773,817 in 2005, which is attributable primarily to contributions of capital assets from developers and impact fee revenues.

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION NET ASSETS

	Governm		Busine			
_	Activit	ies	Activ	rities	Tota	
_	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Current and other assets	\$ 20,463,938	\$ 17,877,862	\$ 24,747,583	\$ 14,742,575	\$ 45,211,521 \$	32,620,437
Capital assets	162,328,501	137,966,980	123,481,640	101,3 <b>10,7</b> 24	285,810,141	239,277,70
Total assets	182,792,439	155,844,842	148,229,223	116,0 <b>53,2</b> 99	331,021,662	271,898,1
Long-term liabilities outstanding	66,214,659	66,318,469	18,6 <b>09,5</b> 21	13,466,689	84,824,180	79 <b>,</b> 785,1 <b>5</b> 8
Other liabilities	5,169,459	2,159,967	5,5 <b>56,9</b> 67	5,71 <b>1,2</b> 96	1 <b>0,7</b> 26,42 <b>6</b>	7,871,2
Inter-fund balances	(3,508,657)	(3,101,497)	3,50 <b>8,6</b> 57	3,1 <b>01,4</b> 97	-	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	67,875,461	65,376,939	27,675,145	22,2 <b>79,4</b> 82	95,550,606	87,656,42
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	95,663,909	76,480,271	111,72 <b>7,7</b> 36	88,6 <b>06,9</b> 90	207,391,645	165,087,261
Restricted	5,069,239	2,464,432	3,964,822	2,278,824	9,034,061	4,743,250
Unrestricted	14,183,830	11,523,200	4,861,520	2,888,003	19,045,350	14,411,2
Total net assets		\$ 90,467,903	\$ 120,554,078	\$ 93,773,817	\$ 235,471,056	184,241,71

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$24,449,075, thereby accounting for 47.7 percent of the total increase in the net assets of the City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$8,366,055 over 2005 (53.5 percent). This arose primarily from the recognition of land, roads and sidewalk improvements that were added to the City's infrastructure by developers.
- 2006 property taxes increased by 16.2% over 2005. This increase was primarily related to a large amount of residential and commercial growth. The 2006 mill rate was slightly lower then the previous year.
- Sales taxes are up by \$704,962 (40.1 percent). The increase is due in part to the opening of a new Cabela's store a major retailer in outdoor gear.
- Charges for services also experienced a large increase in 2006. The increase was \$3,881,678 over 2005. Impact fees, permit fees, and recreation fees make up most of the increase. As mentioned earlier, the City has experienced a great deal of growth resulting in a large increase in fees associated with growth. The recreation fees have increased dramatically due to the opening of a new aquatic center.

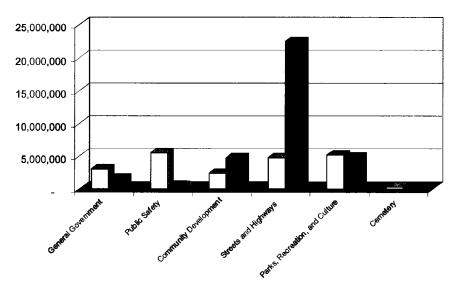
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Govern	mental	Business-ty	pe					
	activ	ities	activities		Total				
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005			
Revenues:		_							
Program revenues:									
Charges for services \$	9, <b>725,</b> 839	\$ 5,844,161	<b>\$ 24,096,4</b> 90 <b>\$</b>	21,180,132 \$	33 <b>,822,</b> 329 \$	27,024,293			
Operating grants and contributions	652,893	299,681	-	11,308	652,893	310,989			
Capital grants and contributions	23,997,070	15,631,015	26,673,151	11,1 <b>78,6</b> 66	50,670,221	26,809,681			
General revenues:					-				
Property taxes	7,078,262	6,087,979	-	-	7,078,262	6 <b>,087</b> ,979			
Other taxes	5,153,342	3,956,541	-	-	5,153,342	3 <b>,956,</b> 541			
Other	739,805	703,060	1, <b>257,5</b> 37	627,260	1,997,342	1,330,320			
Total revenues	47,347,211	32,522,437	52,027,178	32,997,366	99 <b>,374,</b> 389	65,519,803			
Evmonage									
Expenses:	2.061.220	2,473,715			3,061,330	2,473,715			
General government	3,061,330		•	-	5, <b>591</b> ,343	4,058,050			
Public safety	5,591,343	4,058,050	-	=	• •				
Community development	2,430,340	2,094,404	•	-	2,430,340	2, <b>094</b> ,404			
Highways/streets	4,832,769	4,075,003	•	-	4,832,769	4,075,003			
Parks, recreation, and culture	5,224,571	4,8 <b>80,06</b> 6	-	-	5,224,571	4,880,066			
Cemetery	350,002	303,608	•	-	350,002	303,608			
Other	-	7,597	•	-		7,597			
Interest on long-term debt	2,573,686	2,2 <b>28,04</b> 6	•	-	2,573,686	2,228,046			
Culinary Water	-	•	1,883,564	1,8 <b>06,48</b> 4	1,883,564	1 <b>,806,</b> 484			
Sewer	-	-	2, <b>885,7</b> 79	2,529,956	<b>2,885,</b> 779	2,529,956			
Pressurized Irrigation	-	-	1,396,885	1,3 <b>68,222</b>	1,396,885	1,368,222			
Electric	-	-	16, <b>087,3</b> 03	14,829,348	16 <b>,087,</b> 303	14,829,348			
<b>Dra</b> inage	-	-	<b>440,97</b> 3	<b>434,48</b> 6	<b>440,</b> 973	434,486			
Swimming Pool	=	-	-	235,355	-	235,355			
Ambulance	=	-	-	<b>381,40</b> 8	-	381,408			
Garbage	=		1,386,508	1,257,056	1,386,508	1,257,056			
Total expenses	24,064,041	20,120,489	24,081,012	22,842,315	48,145,053	42,962,804			
Increase in net assets before transfers	23,283,170	12,401,948	27,946,166	10,1 <b>55,0</b> 51	51 <b>,229,</b> 336	22,556,999			
Transfers	1,165,905	326,900	(1,165,905)	(326,900)	-	-			
Increase in net assets	24,449,075	12,728,848	26,780,261	9,828,151	51 <b>,229,</b> 336	22,556,999			
N									
Net assets at beginning of year,	00.467.002	(13,115,773)	93,773,817	83,9 <b>45,66</b> 6	70,829,893	70,829,893			
as previously reported	90,467,903	90,8 <b>54,82</b> 8	73,113,011	05,745,000	/0,027,073				
Prior period adjustment	-	70,03 <b>4,02</b> 8	-	-	-	_			
Net assets at beginning of year,	00 477 003	77 720 055	02 773 017	83,945,666	184,241,720	70,829,893			
as restated	90,467,903	77,739,055	93,773,817 \$ 120,554,078 \$	93,773,817 \$		184,241,720			
Net assets, ending \$	114,916,978	\$ 90,467,903	<b>\$</b> 120,554,078 <b>\$</b>	73,//3,61/ Þ	233,471,030 3	104,241,720			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



□ Expenses ■ Program Revenue

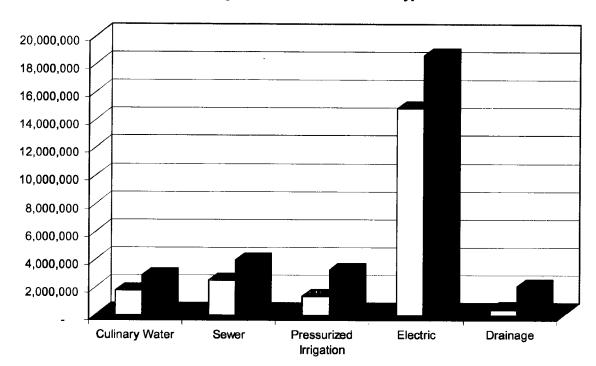
For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services. Several noteworthy exceptions, however, are the City's general government and public safety. The City's general government function had growth in expenses of \$587,615 (24 percent), which was due in large part to the payment of a severance package for a departing city administrator and several professional studies requested by the city council and major. The public safety had growth in expenses of \$1,533,293 (38 percent) over 2005. The City started at the beginning of the 2006 fiscal year emergency medical service (EMS) fulltime. As part of this new service the ambulance fund was closed and all expenses and revenues were accounted for in the general fund. This combination accounts for a large amount of the increase in this area.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$26,780,261. At the end of the current fiscal year, all of the City's major business-type funds reported positive net assets. Key elements of the increase in net assets are as follows.

- Charges for services for business-type activities increased by \$2,916,358. The Electric Fund accounts for a significant portion of this with an increase of \$2,272,832. It should be noted that all business-type departments increased their charges for services from fiscal year 2005.
- Capital grants and contributions for the business-type activities increased by \$15,494,485 or 138.6 percent from 2005. The increase is the direct result of contributions from developers who continue to develop property at a very rapid rate.

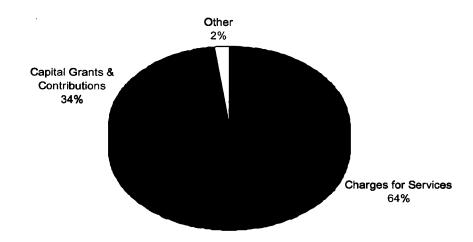
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities**



□ Expenses ■ Program Revenue

#### Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$11,944,652. \$6,505,545 of this total amount (54.4 percent) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period, 2) to pay debt service, 3) to pay capital improvements commitments, 4) or for a variety of other restricted purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$4,515,495, while total fund balance reached \$9,142,291. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 22.2 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 44.8 percent of that same amount. The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$3,094,622 during the current fiscal year, this increase is due to increases in revenue in taxes, licenses, fees and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures.

The capital projects fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$1,457,806, which left a fund balance of \$1,352,587. The decrease was a result of construction of additional offices and sleeping quarters for the EMS personnel, completion of infrastructure for a commercial development, and several street projects. The total capital outlay in this fund for 2006 was \$4,859,533.

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type portions of the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the proprietary funds at the end of the year totaled \$4,861,520. Individually, the pressurized irrigation fund's unrestricted net assets totaled \$510,815, electric \$6,178,240, and drainage \$794,387. The culinary water fund had a negative unrestricted net asset amount of \$1,262,517, the sewer, a negative amount of \$1,120,745 and the non-major enterprise funds a negative amount of \$238,660. Other factors concerning the finances of these proprietary funds can be found earlier in this section under business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the General Fund's original budget was amended from an original budget expenditure total of \$16,137,050 to a final budget of \$20,930,000, an increase of \$4,792,950. This large increase can be attributed for the part to a very fast growing community and the need for the City to keep up with the growth. The budget adjustments can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$1,467,600 in increases related to the general government, primarily allocated to the administration department to cover a severance payout, and the facilities maintenance department's purchase of three properties with both departments accounting for \$1,255,900 of the increase.
- \$919,500 in increases related to public safety, most of which was allocated to the police department.
- The parks, recreation and culture had an overall increase of \$1,462,650. This increase was due to increases in all departments in this category, but the biggest impact came from the recreation department. The recreation department's budget changed \$777,200. This large increase is a result of not knowing what it would cost to operate the new aquatic facility year round. The parks department budget did increase \$377,800 from the original budget, which as needed to complete several capital park projects.
- \$394,900 in increases in community development most of which went to the inspection department to add more personnel to do building inspection and plan review.

General fund revenues were sufficient to meet all expenditures with taxes, licenses, fees and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeitures surpassing budgeted totals.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006 amounts to \$285,810,141 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements including infrastructure and distribution systems, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and office furniture and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- In the general fund \$945,153 of property and buildings were purchased to expand office space and add much needed parking.
- Public infrastructure was completed as part of a commercial development for Cabela's. This infrastructure consisted of new roads, culinary water, pressurized irrigation, sewer, electric, and drainage at a cost of \$2,673,674.
- Capital contributions from development added \$18,712,009 in fixed assets to the culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, and drainage funds.
- The electric fund added an additional transformer to a substation totaling \$762,798 and made improvements to the main power feeder lines for \$517,467.
- Several road projects were completed at a cost of \$657,708.
- The City completed phase five of its new sports park adding a concession/scoring building, fencing, and a large amount of flat work at a cost of \$585,238.
- A very important culinary well and storage tank was completed in fiscal year 2006 at a cost of \$1,307,437.
- Key storm drain infrastructure was added for \$216,869.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION CAPITAL ASSETS

(net of depreciation)

	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type					
	activ	ties	activi	ties	Total				
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005			
Land	\$41,136,263	\$ 31,887,914	\$ 1,806,482	\$ 1,816,482	<b>\$42</b> ,942, <b>745</b>	\$ 33,704,396			
Construction in progress	3,204,949	5,914,820	2,389,772	<b>4</b> 7,653	5,594,721	5,962,473			
Buildings	12,167,005	11,657,343	759,351	1 <b>,82</b> 6,824	1 <b>2</b> ,926, <b>356</b>	13,484,167			
Improvements, including infrastructure	101,728,685	84,715,866	116,707,038	95,956,351	218,435,723	180,672,217			
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	3,727,873	3 <b>,483,</b> 079	1,798,922	1,657,083	5,526,795	5,140,162			
Office furniture and equipment	363,726	307,958	20,075	6,331	383,801	314,289			
Total	\$162,328,501	\$137 <b>,966</b> ,980	<b>\$123,48</b> 1,6 <b>40</b>	\$101,310,724	<b>\$285</b> ,810 <b>,141</b>	\$239,277,704			

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note E on pages 39-41 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$37,807,725. Of this amount \$6,385,112 is special assessment debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment and \$4,115,000 is excise tax debt which is secured by Class C road taxes. The remainder of the City's bonded debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION OUTSTANDING DEBT

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type						
	activ	ities	activ	rities	Total					
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005				
Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 679,356	\$ 292,194	<b>\$ 420,</b> 591	\$ 154,809	\$ 1,099,947	\$ 447,003				
Special Assessment Bonds	3,461,254	3,780,987	2,383,954	2,604,125	5 <b>,84</b> 5,208	6,385,112				
Excise Tax Bonds	3 <b>,660,</b> 000	4,115 <b>,0</b> 00	-	-	3,660,000	4,115,000				
Tax Increment Note Payable to Developer	39 <b>,276,</b> 305	39 <b>,127,4</b> 61	-	-	39 <b>,276</b> ,305	39,127,461				
Revenue Bonds	19 <b>,910</b> ,942	17,8 <b>96,6</b> 25	15,315,824	10,271,413	3 <b>5,226,</b> 766	28,168,038				
Other Liabilities	1 <b>,226,</b> 802	1,106,202_	489,152	436,342	1,715,954	1,542,544				
Total	\$68,214,659	\$ 66,318,469	\$18,609,521	<b>\$</b> 13,4 <b>66,6</b> 89	\$86,824,180	<b>\$</b> 79, <b>785,</b> 158				

The City increased its total debt by \$7,039,022 in fiscal year 2006. The two key factors for this increase were a subordinated sales tax revenue bond totaling \$2,599,092 and a \$6,000,000 power revenue bond. The sales tax revenue bond was issued to make public improvements to a commercial area within the City and the power revenue bond was issued to improve existing substations and build a new substation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

The City was awarded an underlying "AA-" rating up from an underlying "A+" rating from Standard & Poor's ("AAA" insured) for sales tax revenue bonds and an underlying "A3" from Moody's ("Aaa" insured) for the culinary water and pressurized irrigation funds. All bonds previous to these were rated with an "AAA" with the purchase of bond insurance.

State statues limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value. The current limitation for the City is \$94,814,247 and the City currently has no general obligation debt. In addition, state statutes allow for an additional 4% to be used for business-type debt, thus resulting in a debt limit of 8% of total taxable value. The current limitation for business-type projects is \$189,628,494, which significantly exceeds the outstanding business-type debt the City currently has.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note G on pages 41-48 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The unemployment rate for Utah County is currently 2.5% (unemployment data is not available for the City). This compares to the state unemployment rate of 2.6% and a national rate of 4.5%.
- The City continues to grow rapidly adding 1,452 single family residential units in the last fiscal year making the City the fastest growing community in Utah County and one of the fast growing in the state.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2007 fiscal year. The 2007 budget is balanced without the need of a property tax increase, or any large transfers from any of the proprietary funds. There are no expected rate changes for any of the services currently being provided by the City.

Cabela's opened a new 160,000 square feet retail store in early fiscal year 2006. This one of a kind retailer brought in approximately 4,000,000 million visitors to the City in 2006. The store opened to the biggest opening Cabela's has ever had, and the City is excited about all the businesses that are expected to follow.

Costco and Loews broke ground early in the 2006 fiscal year and opened their doors August 2006. These two stores are expected to generate \$200,000,000 in taxable sales. There are also several new restaurants and a hotel scheduled for construction during the fiscal year.

All these businesses opening their doors in the Lehi mean more sales tax dollars for the City. The additional sales tax dollars will allow the City to add critical services that may have been lacking in the past such as fulltime 24 hour, 7 day a week EMS service, which was started August 1, 2006. Sales tax revenue is forecast to be higher and with the additional increase the City is planning to continue its drive towards additional fire stations and more fulltime fire/EMS personnel as well as parks, improved streets, and many other services the community wants and needs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 153 North 100 East, Lehi, Utah, 84043.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	DD	r	COMPONENT	
	GOVERNMENTAL	<u> </u>	UNIT	
	ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	HUTCHINGS
ASSETS	ACTIVITES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	MUSEUM
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 3,956,909	\$ 5,239,027	<b>\$</b> 9,195,936	en en
RECEIVABLES (NET)	Ψ 5,750,707	φ 5,23 <b>9,0</b> 21	\$ 9,195,936	\$ -
ACCOUNTS		2.540.150	2.540.150	
TAXES	6 964 000	2,540,158	2,540,158	-
INTERGOVERNMENTAL	6,864,000	-	6,864,000	-
OTHER	243,910	-	243,910	-
DUE FROM COMPONENT UNIT	8,797	-	8,797	-
INVENTORY	20,870	·	<b>20,</b> 870	-
	•	2,471,268	2 <b>,471</b> ,268	-
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT RECEIVABLE INVESTMENT IN WATER STOCK	3,461,116	2,383,884	5 <b>,845</b> ,000	-
AND RIGHTS, AT COST	•	1,1 <b>82,68</b> 0	1,182,680	-
BOND ISSUE COSTS (NET)	274,722	440,357	715,079	-
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,633,614	10,4 <b>90,20</b> 9	16 <b>,123,</b> 823	7,50
NON-DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS	44,341,212	4,196,254	48,537,466	5,0
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	117,987,289	119,285,386	237 <b>,27</b> 2,675	380,18
TOTAL ASSETS	182,792,439	148,229,223	331,021,662	392,68
IABILITIES				
INTERFUND BALANCES	(3,508,657)	3,508,657	_	_
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	669,294	3,726,457	4,395,751	40
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED	005,251	5,720,457	7,373,731	40
ASSETS	194,507	83,001	277,508	
DUE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	174,507	05,001	211,300	20.00
WAGES PAYABLE	322,354	81,782	404 126	20,87
ACCRUED LIABILITIES	1,334,950	01,702	404,136	2,50
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE			1,334,950	-
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS	648,354	71,782	<b>720,</b> 136	-
UNEARNED REVENUE	-	139,268	139,268	-
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	1,45 <b>4,67</b> 7	1,454,677	-
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	<b>2,6</b> 42,657	1,37 <b>3,67</b> 5	4,016,332	-
DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR:				
COMPENSATED ABSENCES	282,687	36 <b>6,86</b> 4	649,551	-
LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE COSTS	96,055	-	96,055	-
CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE	519,362	29 <b>6,06</b> 4	815,426	-
NOTE PAYABLE TO DEVELOPER	<b>39,2</b> 76,305	-	39 <b>,276,</b> 305	-
BONDS PAYABLE	25,397,593	16,57 <b>2,91</b> 8	41, <b>970,</b> 511	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	67,875,461	27,675,145	95, <b>550,</b> 606	23,89
ET ASSETS				
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS,				
NET OF RELATED DEBT	9 <b>5,6</b> 63,909	111,727,736	207,391,645	361,29
RESTRICTED FOR				ĺ
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS	4,626,796	3,964,822	8,591,618	-
DEBT SERVICE	442,443	· · ·	442,443	7,50
UNRESTRICTED	14,183,830	4,861,520	19,045,350	- ,50
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 114,916,978	\$ 120,554,078	\$ 235,471,056	\$ 368,79

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

			PROGRAM REVENUES	1
			OPERATING	CAPITAL
		CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		•		
	e 2061 220	<b>\$</b> 1,671,982	\$ -	\$ -
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 3,061,330		ъ - 161,280	Ψ -
PUBLIC SAFETY	5,591,343	389,767	101,280	-
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	2,430,340	4,738,740	-	
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	4,832,769	314,829	429,525	21,697,731
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	5,224,571	2,496,624	62,088	2,299,339
CEMETERY	3 <b>50,00</b> 2	113,897	-	-
INTEREST ON LONG-TERM DEBT	2,573,686			-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	24,064,041	9,725,839	652,893	23,997,070
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CULINARY WATER	1,883,564	1,986 <b>,927</b>	•	3,834,148
SEWER	2,885,779	2,071,764	-	5 <b>,682,4</b> 29
PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	1,396,885	1,325,319	•	<b>4,950,</b> 011
ELECTRIC	16,087,303	16,880,143	-	8,476,203
DRAINAGE	<b>440,9</b> 73	426,361	-	3, <b>730,</b> 360
GARBAGE	1,386,508	1,405,976	-	-
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	24,081,012	24,096,490	-	26,673,151
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 48,145,053	\$ 33,822,329	\$ 652,893	\$ 50,670,221
COMPONENT UNIT	<del></del>			
HUTCHINGS MUSEUM	<b>\$</b> 193,555	\$ 31,601	\$ 133,196	\$ -

GENERAL REVENUES:

PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED FOR GENERAL PURPOSES SALES TAXES LEVIED FOR GENERAL PURPOSES FRANCHISE TAXES
MOTOR VEHICLE FEES IN LIEU

INVESTMENT EARNINGS
GAIN ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

OTHER

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES
TRANSFERS

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	NET RE CHAI	COMPONENT						
	VERNMENTAL	MARY GOVERNMEN BUSINESS-TYPE	NI	HUTCHINGS				
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	MUSEUM				
\$	(1,389,348)	\$ -	\$ (1,389,348)	\$ -				
•	(5,040,296)	-	(5,040,296)	<b>.</b> -				
	2,308,400	-	2,308,400	_				
	17,609,316	-	17,609,316	_				
	(366,520)	-	(366,520)	_				
	(236,105)	-	(236,105)	_				
	(2,573,686)		(2,573,686)					
	10,311,761		10,311,761					
	-	3 <b>,93</b> 7,511	3,937,511	_				
	-	4,868,414	4,868,414	-				
	-	4,878,445	4,878,445	-				
	_	9,269,043	9,269,043	-				
	-	3,715,748	3,715,748	-				
		19,468	19,468					
—	10,311,761	26,688,629 26,688,629	<u>26,688,629</u> 37,000,390					
	10,511,701	20,000,029	37,000,390	<u> </u>				
				\$ (28,758)				
	5,594,262	-	5,594,262	•				
	3,946,970	-	3,946,970	-				
	2,186,651	-	2,186,651	-				
	503,721	-	503,721	-				
	698, <b>566</b>	<b>328,</b> 593	1,027,159	-				
	41,239	028 044	41,239					
	<del></del>	928,944	928,944					
	12,971,409	1,257,537	14,228,946	-				
	1,165,905	(1,165,905)						
	14,137,314	91,632	14,228,946	_				
	24,449,075	26,780,261	51,229,336	(28,758)				
	90,467,903	93,773,817	184,241,720	397,548				
\$	114,916,978	\$ 120,554,078	\$ 235,471,056	\$ 368,790				

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL	ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET	ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL	ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES	AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN	THE FUNDS.	!	OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS ARE NOT	AVAILABLE TO PAY FOR CURRENT-PERIOD EXPERIMITED DES AND THER DECORE APP	DEFERRED IN THE FUNDS.	SHIKOH DIKIHII IDIKI SHIRI MATI I MATI I MATI	PAYABLE, ARE NOT DUE AND PAYABLE IN	ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS.	CIED (CA) CONTRACTOR AS A SECONDARY CONTRACTOR CONTRACT	PROPERTY TAXES AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS	THAT ARE NOT AVAILABLE TO PAY FOR	CURRENT PERIOD EXPENDITURES ARE	DEFERRED IN THE FUNDS.	AND DISCUSSION OF THE PROPERTY OF	INTEREST PAYABLE ON LONG-LEKM	OBLIGATIONS DOES NOT REQUIRE CURRENT ENTANCIAL DESCRIPCES AND IS NOT	REPORTED IN THE GOVERNMENTAL	FUNDS.		NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES										
TOTAL	GOVERNMENTAL		3,956,909	6,864,000	243,910	8,797	3,461,116	4,076,747	20,870	10000	\$ 24.265,963			\$ 669,294		194,507	322,354	1,334,950	9,232,116	268,090		12,321,311		443,469		4,995,638	4,515,495			398,620	1,018,681	572,749	11,944,652		\$ 24,265,963	
	GOVERNMENTAL		\$ 534,872	1				•			535.898			\$ 4,788		•			,	•		4,788		1,026		•	•		;	398,620	100,017	31,447	531,110		\$ 535,898	
	REDEVELOPMENT ( AGENCY		\$ 1,486,754	1,750,000	,		•	•		t	3 236 754								1,750,000	268,090		2,318,090					•				918,664		918,664		\$ 3,236,754	
	PROJECTS STREETS		\$ 541,302	•		•	3,461,116	•			\$ 4 940 972			· sa		136,269		•	3,461,116	1		3,597,385		442,443		368,842				•	•	541,302	1,352,587		\$ 4,949,972	
	GENERAL	!	\$ 1,393,981	5,114,000	243,910	8,797	1	4,076,747	20,870		4,685,034			\$ 664,506		58,238	322,354	1,334,950	4,021,000	ı		S 6,401, <b>048</b>		1		4,626,796	4,515,495			•		,	9,142,291		S \$ 15,543,339	
		ASSETS	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RECEIVABLES	TAXES	INTERGOVERNMENTAL	OTHER	SPECIAL ASSESSMENT	DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	<b>DUE FROM COMPONENT UNIT</b>	RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH	EQUIVALENIS TOTAL ASSETS		LIABILITIES	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM	RESTRICTED ASSETS	WAGES PAYABLE	ACCRUED LIABILITIES	DEFERRED REVENUE	NOTE PAYABLE TO WATER FUND		TOTAL LIABILITIES	FIIND BALANCES	RESERVED FOR DEBT SERVICE	RESERVED FOR CAPITAL	IMPROVEMENTS	UNRESERVED	UNRESERVED, REPORTED IN	NONMAJOR:	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	TOTAL FUND BALANCE	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	FUND BALANCES	

(68,608,560)

9,232,116

274,722

162,328,501

11,944,652

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE
TO NET LIABILITIES OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2006

(254,453)

114,916,978

# SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

XPENDITURES FUNDS	\$ 2,067,945		8,963,541 (4,647,038)	RY 603,389	(369,118)	(3,247,936)	1,555,506		(14,199)	188,951		\$ 24,449,075
LEHI CITY CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 39, 2006	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT CAPITAL OUTLAYS AS EXPENDITURES WHILE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REPORT DEPRECIATION EXPENSE TO ALLOCATE THOSE EXPENDITURES OVER THE LIFE OF THE ASSETS: CAPITAL ASSET PURCHASES CAPITALIZED DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DO NOT REPORT CAPITAL ASSET TRANSFERS (NET OF RELATED DEBT) FROM PROPRIETARY FUNDS IN THE FUND STATEMENTS	SOME EXPENSES REPORTED IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, SUCH AS COMPENSATED ABSENCES, AND INTEREST, DO NOT REQUIRE THE USE OF CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOUNCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED AS EXPENDITURES IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	PROCEEDS FROM DEBT ISSUES ARE AN OTHER FINANCING SOURCE IN THE FUNDS, BUT A DEBT ISSUE INCREASES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS.	REPAYMENT OF BOND PRINCIPAL IS AN EXPENDITURE IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, BUT THE REPAYMENT REDUCES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS.	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT BOND ISSUE COSTS AS EXPENDITURES. WHILE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	AMORTIZATION OF ISSUE COSTS	SOME PROPERTY TAX REVENUES AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUES ARE NOT CONSIDERED "AVAILABLE" IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS OF INFRA- STRUCTURE NOT RECORDED IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

PUDGETED AMOUNTS
ORIGINAL
7,097,300
2,960,000 637,000
3,002,500
1,052,000
15,223,800
2,3/2,500
1,807,500
2,679,200
4,333,250
401,500
16,237,050
(1,013,250)
605,000
20.000
625,000
(388,250)
6,047,669
\$ 5,659,419

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

JULYE 30, 2006												
				BUSI	NESS-T	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	HES					
	CULINARY		I H	PRESSURIZED	!				NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE	NONMAJOR INTERPRISE		
	WATER	SEWER		IRRIGATION	E	ELECTRIC	DRA	DRAINAGE	FUNDS	IDS	TC	TOTALS
ASSETS												
CURRENT ASSETS										•		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 133,826	<del>∽</del>	143,818 \$	83,097	S	4,349,036	69	529,250	s		<del>69</del>	5,239,027
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (NET)	162,098	3 248,663	663	125,597		1,780,380		52,520		170,900		2,540,158
INVENTORY	84,526		4,934	48,059		2,333,749						2,471,268
PREPAID ITEMS	•			•		,				ı		,
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	380,450	397,415	415	256,753		8,463,165		581,770		170,900		10,250,453
NON-CURRENT ASSETS												
NOTE RECEIVABLE FROM REDEVELOPMENT												
AGENCY	268,090			•		•				•		568,090
NOTE RECEIVABLE - OTHER	•			٠		•						
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT RECEIVABLE	219,358	3 253,411	411	716,688		1,021,138		•				2,383,884
WORKING CAPITAL DEPOSIT WITH												
POWER SUPPLIER	•			٠				٠		•		
INVESTMENT IN WATER STOCK												
AND RIGHTS, AT COST	1,181,162			1,518		1				ı		1,182,680
BOND ISSUE COSTS (NET)	56,211		28,520	54,516		262,091		39,019		1		440,357
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,223,973	1,102,096	960	1,303,177		6,639,137		221,826			_	10,490,209
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS	1,363,410	441,915	915	767,309		1,509,990		113,630				4,196,254
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	20,296,592	23,883,981	186	21,131,178		37,017,220	Ξ	16,956,415			Ξ	119,285,386
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	24,908,796	5 25,709,923	923	24,147,675		46,449,576		17,330,890		$ \cdot $	13	138,546,860
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 25,289,246	5 \$ 26,107,338	338 \$	24,404,428	69	54,912,741	\$	17,912,660	<del>6</del>	170,900	\$ 14	148,797,313
	۱						ı					

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

				BUSIN	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TTIES			
	ರ	CULINARY		PRESSURIZED			NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE	SE SE	
LIABILITIES		WATER	SEWER	IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	FUNDS	 	TOTALS
CURRENT LIABILITIES									
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	S	2,798,753	\$ 999,636	· •••	· &	, &	\$ 278,358	358 \$	4,076,747
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		65,692	971,326	20,318	2,531,901	6,018	131,202	202	3,726,457
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		37,215	•	45,786	•	•			83,001
WAGES PAYABLE		14,519	8,245	4,713	54,305	•		,	81,782
ACCRUED LIABILITIES			•	•	•	•		,	•
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		15,667	3,229	16,354	33,341	3,191			71,782
DEFERRED REVENUE		594,839	1,283	290,860	267,695	•			1,454,677
CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES		27,270	6,371	11,908	76,740	1			122,289
CURRENT MATURITIES OF LONG-TERM									
OBLIGATIONS		236,125	126,275	245,849	508,137	135,000		,	1,251,386
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,790,080	2,116,365	935,788	3,472,119	144,209	409,560	  20	10,868,121
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES									
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		•		•	139,268	•		ı	139,268
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		81,809	111,61	35,725	230,219	ı		ı	366,864
CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE, LESS									
CURRENT MATURITIES		•	156,294	•	139,770	•		,	296,064
BONDS PAYABLE, LESS CURRENT MATURITIES		2,431,778	617,001	2,647,396	9,486,743	1,390,000		ı	16,572,918
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,513,587	792,406	2,683,121	000'966'6	1,390,000		   <sub>.</sub>	17,375,114
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,303,667	2,908,771	3,618,909	13,468,119	1,534,209	409,560	260	28,243,235
NET ASSETS INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT		19,048,310	23,454,846	19,059,758	34,580,758	15,584,064		ı	111,727,736
RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS		1,199,786	864,466	1,214,946	685,624	•		,	3,964,822
UNRESTRICTED		(1,262,517)	(1,120,745)	510,815	6,178,240	794,387	(238,660)	(099	4,861,520
TOTAL NET ASSETS		18,985,579	23,198,567	20,785,519	41,444,622	16,378,451	(238,660)	(099	120,554,078
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	S	25,289,246	\$ 26,107,338	\$ 24,404,428	\$ 54,912,741	\$ 17,912,660	\$ 170,900	<b>\$</b>	148,797,313

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

	CO	CUL <b>INARY</b> W <b>ATER</b>	SEWER	PR IR	PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	NON ENTE	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS	TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES (PLEDGED AS SECURITY FOR REVENUE BONDS)				   						
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	69		\$ 2,071,764	<b>%</b>	1,176,152	\$ 16,690,861	\$ 426,361		1,405,976	\$ 23,181,681
HOOK-UP AND SERVICING FEES ADMISSION AND I BSSON FRES		576,360	•		149,167	189,282	•		,	914,809
CONCESSION AND RENTAL REVENUES						1	ı			•
MISCELLANBOUS REVENUES		330,308	97,671	1	33,480	170.618	296.867			928 944
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		2,317,235	2,169,435	S     	1,358,799	17,050,761	723,228		1,405,976	25,025,434
OPERATING EXPENSES PERCATING EXPENSES		000 451		 			:	İ		
GENEDA I ADMINISTRATION		17,588	281,056	ا ي	202,019	1,555,923	1			2,214,586
OBJECT AND STATE OF THE STATE O		68,143	23,407	7	3,785	104,182	5,932		2,517	207,966
OFERA LING AND MAIN LENANCE		934,548	2,017,703	ლ	537,299	12,577,515	4,362	_	1,383,991	17,455,418
DEFRECIATION		594,698	512,783	3	519,437	1,504,804	336,516		1	3,468,238
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,772,977	2,834,949	6	1,262,540	15,742,424	346,810	1	1,386,508	23,346,208
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		544,258	(665,514)	<del>6</del>	96,259	1,308,337	376,418		19,468	1,679,226
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE IMPACT FEE REVENUE (PLEDGED AS SECURITY			•		•	,	ı			,
FOR REVENUE BONDS)		1,520,614	802,143	8	1,805,517	3,832,868	,			7.961.142
INTEREST INCOME		27,248	32,504	4	67,651	192,065	9,125			328,593
GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		•	•		ı		•			,
INTEREST EXPENSE		(105,107)	(45,823)	3)	(129,007)	(325,436)	(89,285)			(694,658)
AMORTIZATION OF BOND ISSUE COSTS		(5,480)	(5,007)	(7	(5,338)	(19,443)	(4,878)			(40,146)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		1,437,275	783,817	7	1,738,823	3,680,054	(85,038)		  - 	7,554,931
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND										
TRANSFERS		1,981,533	118,303	3	1,835,082	4,988,391	291,380		19,468	9,234,157
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		2,313,534	4,880,286	92	3,144,494	4,643,335	3,730,360	Ŭ	(603,389)	18,108,620
TRANSFERS FROM OTHER FUNDS		,	•			•			122,484	122,484
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS		(164,500)	(143,000)	 ଗ	(137,500)	(240,000)	1			(685,000)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		4,130,567	4,855,589	0	4,842,076	9,391,726	4,021,740	٠	(461,437)	26,780,261
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		14,855,012	18,342,978	~l	15,943,443	32,052,896	12,356,711		777,222	93,773,817
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	<b>S</b>	\$ 625,586,81	23,198,567	s	20,785,519	\$ 41,444,622	\$ 16,378,451	\$	(238,660) \$	120,554,078

# SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

					DITORNIE	BITERIESS TYPE ACTIVITIES	TIES		
					BUSINE	SS-11FE ACITY	1100	MONTAL A TOP	
	5	VANT IIV		PRES	PRESSURIZED			NONMAJOK	
	3 -	WATER	SEWER	IRRI	IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	FUNDS	TOTALS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	v	1 060 053	\$ 2058 704	J	1 313 588	\$ 17.131.264	\$ 421.266	5 \$ 1.386.941	\$ 24,272,715
CASH RECEIVED FROM COSTOMERS	9	(900 708)		•	(525.218)				(16,758,485)
CASH FAID TO SUFFLIENS		(156.971)	(275,956)		(194,066)	(1,494,882)	•		(2,121,875)
RECEIPTS (PAYMENTS) FROM OTHER FINDS		123,663	439,631		. '	•	•	(116,66)	469,383
OTHER RECEIPTS (PAYMENTS)		330,308	97,671		33,480	170,618	296,867	7	928,944
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING		1 348 154	718 432		627 784	3 466 582	709.730	(80.000)	6,790,682
ACHVIIIES		1,040,104	110,732		101,120	2,000			
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENITE					•		•	,	1
TRANSFERS IN			•			1	1	80,000	80,000
TRANSFERS OUT	ļ	(164,500)	(143,000)		(137,500)	(240,000)			(685,000)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	;	(164,500)	(143,000)		(137,500)	(240,000)		80,000	(002,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF		() 545 054)	(1.05) 375)		(951 423)	(6 239 682)	(216.870)	6	(11,004,404)
CAPITAL ASSETS		( <b>5</b> ,245,0 <b>5</b> 4)	(c/c,1cu,1)		(521,425)	(200,000,00		•	
ACCUUSITION OF WATER STOCK AND KIGHTS DAVMENTS BECEIVED ON SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS			•		ı				
RECEIVABLE		20,267	23,413		82,222	94,340	•	Ī	220,242
PROCEEDS FROM ISSUANCE OF BONDS			•		•	000,000,9		•	900,000,9
PROCEEDS FROM CAPITAL LEASES		•	231,592			207,106			100000
CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS			•		•	3,380,275	1	•	3,380,275
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS		(231,933)	(83,661)		(255,492)	(479,337)	(130,000)	· •	(1,180,423)
INTEREST PAID ON BONDS		(107,017)	(40,687)		(130,625)	(293,210)	(89,837)	- (1)	(9/5,199)
BOND ISSUED COSTS PAID		•	•			(195,065)	•	•	(195,065)
PAYMENTS MADE ON CAPITAL LEASES		,	(31,558)		1	(58,200)	•	•	(89,738)
INTEREST PAID ON CAPITAL LEASES			(7,381)		ı	(8,278)	1	1	(60,01)
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS			•			•	•	•	
IMPACT FEES COLLECTED		1,118,294	682,083		1,400,397	3,625,758			6,820,332
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,745,443)	(277,574)		145,079	6,033,707	(436,707)	<u></u>	3,280,364
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ISSUANCE OF NOTES RECEIVABLE		(30,547)	•			•	•	•	(30,547)
PAYMENTS RECEIVED ON NOTES RECEIVABLE			1 10			270 001	' -		128 491
INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED		27,248	32,504		0/,631	192,000	7,1,	3	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(3,299)	32,504		67,651	192,065		25	298,046
TEREST INCOME COLLECTED  NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(3,299)	32,504		67,651	1	192,065		192,065 9,125

CONTINUED

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

						BUSI	NESS	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TES					
		CULINARY			PRES	PRESSURIZED					S E	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE		
		WATER	S	SEWER	IRRI	IRRIGATION		ELECTRIC		DRAINAGE	-	FUNDS		TOTALS
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EOUIVALENTS		(\$65.088)		330.362		703 014		9 452 354		282 148		,		002 000 01
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,922,887		915,552		683,260		1,535,819		468,928		•		5.526.446
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	ø	1,357,799	S.	1,245,914	s	1,386,274	÷	10,988,173	S	751,076	S	1	∞	15,729,236
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF:														
UNRESTRICTED CASH DESCRIPTION OF SET	<b>69</b>	133,826	<b>∽</b>	143,818	69	83,097	64)	4,349,036	69	529,250	64)	ı	S	5,239,027
KESIKICIED CASH	S	1,357,799	S	1,102,096	s	1,303,177	69	6,639,137	69	751.076	€9		64	10,490,209
													ļ	
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES CONTRIBUTIONS OF CAPITAL ASSETS FROM								1						
DEVELOPERS	S	2,313,534	€9	4,880,286	<b>د</b> م	3,144,494	69	1,263,060	Ś	•	S	,	€>	11,601,374
BOOK VALUE OF CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSFERRED OUT													•	
TE ANSEEDS IN		•		٠				,		•		(603,389)		(603,389)
I KAINSFEKS IIN		,		•		1						42,484		42,484
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET														
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OFERALING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	€9	544,258	€9	(665,514)	€9	96.259	€9	1,308,337	<b>€</b>	376 418	Ç.	19 468	ø	1679 226
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME	•		,		•		•		•	,	<del>)</del>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	9	077,770,1
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES														
DEPRECIATION		594,698		512,783		519,437		1.504.804		336.516				3.468.238
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES														
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		(25,975)		(13,060)		(11,731)		222,207		(2,387)		(19,035)		150,019
INVENTORY		47,580		(419)		(4,424)		(152,346)		•				(109,609)
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		41,455		433,352		16,675		459,544		(21,456)		13,478		943,048
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		1		,				•		•		•		. •
ACCRUED LIABILITIES		3,983		3,152		1,344		38,241						46,720
PREPAID ITEMS		3,858		6,559		3,615		16,825						
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		14,634		1,948		609'9		40,056		•				63,247
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		•		•		•		28,914		•		•		28,914
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		123,663		439,631				1		•		(93,911)		469,383
DEFERRED REVENUE	l					,		-					ļ	,
	so.	1,348,154	€9	718,432	\$	627,784	S	3,466,582	↔	160,689	64	(80,000)	€9	6,739,186

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lehi City Corporation (the City) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Utah in 1852 and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, community development and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates culinary water, pressurized irrigation, sewer, drainage, and power systems.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the City has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the City has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

# **Reporting Entity**

These financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units, organizations that are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Blended component units, although legal separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year end. The following entities are reported as blended component units:

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency - The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency (RDA) serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by a board comprised of the City Council. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the RDA have been included in the financial reporting entity as a special revenue fund and a debt service fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the RDA.

The Lehi City Municipal Building Authority - The Lehi City Municipal Building Authority (MBA) was created to finance and construct municipal buildings, which are then leased to the City. The MBA is governed by a board comprised of the City Council. The MBA has been included in the financial reporting entity as a capital projects fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the MBA.

The City's discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government. The following entity is reported as a discretely presented component unit:

The Hutchings Museum - The Hutchings Museum is a separate non-profit entity under its own articles of incorporation. The Lehi City Mayor and Council appoint and approve the Museum Board of Directors. The City has financial responsibility for the operations of the Museum. The assets and inventories of the Hutchings Museum are controlled and maintained by the Board. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Hutchings Museum.

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, streets, community development and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net assets are reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (public safety, community development, streets, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and franchise taxes, impact fees, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and franchise taxes, etc.).

The City does not allocate indirect expenses.

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Assets have been eliminated.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate.

The following fund types are used by the City:

### Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

- General fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounting for in another fund.
- Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- **Debt service funds** are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.
- Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type proprietary funds.

### Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon the determination of net income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The City's proprietary funds consist of:

• Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is (a) financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

# Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

# Cash and cash equivalents

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agents and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain qualifying commercial paper, repurchase agreements and bankers' acceptances, and negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

### Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Certain restricted cash and cash equivalents are held by a fiscal agent for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### **Inventories**

Inventories in the proprietary funds consist of materials used in the construction and repair of the transmission, distribution, collection, and treatment systems are valued at the lower of cost or market on a weighted average basis. Supplies inventories, consisting principally of office supplies, are valued at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Transformers are valued at the lower of cost or market on a specific identification basis.

# Capital assets

Capital assets, which include building and structures, improvements (including distributions systems and infrastructure), machinery, equipment, vehicles and office furniture, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on these assets is computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Buildings and structures	10-50
Improvements, including distribution systems and	
other infrastructure	10-50
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5-15
Office furniture and equipment	10-50

# Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is reported on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is reported in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, matching requirements and expenditure requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from a nonexchange transaction must also be available before it can be recognized.

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: intergovernmental revenue, sales and franchise taxes, charges for services, interest, and other fees.

Property taxes and special assessments are measurable and susceptible to accrual when they attach as an enforceable lien on the property. They become available when they are due. Amounts that are measurable but not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 but are not due until November 30. Special assessments become an enforceable lien when assessed.

The City records utility revenues billed to its customers when meters are read at the end of each month. There are no unbilled accounts receivable at June 30, 2006. The accounts receivable for these revenues are reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts (\$343,862 at June 30, 2006.)

# **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued as incurred based on the years of service for each employee. Vacation is accumulated on a monthly basis and is fully vested when earned. Accumulated vacation cannot exceed 80 hours at the end of any calendar year and any vacation in excess of this amount is forfeited. At retirement, death, or termination, all unpaid accrued vacation is paid to the beneficiary. Proprietary funds expense all accrued vacation amounts when incurred. Governmental funds report an expenditure as the vacation is paid or at termination. The current portion is determined by the City to be the portion of vacation pay due employees who terminated prior to year-end.

Accumulated sick leave is earned at a rate of one day per month. Employees may accumulate unlimited sick leave. Upon retirement, employees may elect to be paid 25% of outstanding sick pay or may have 75% of outstanding sick pay deposited into an annuity account for their benefit. Proprietary funds expense 75% of sick pay when it is earned by the employee. Governmental funds report an expenditure when the sick pay is paid. The current portion is the accrued sick pay for employees of governmental funds who terminated prior to year end.

The noncurrent portion of these amounts (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# **Interfund Activity**

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and, in the government-wide statement of activities, reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

# **Fund Equity Reserves**

Fund balance – in the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally segregated for a specific purpose.

Restricted net assets – in the government wide financial statements as well as the proprietary fund financial statements, restricted net assets are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose.

# **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

# Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **Bond** issue costs

Bond issuance costs are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method which approximates the effective interest method.

**JUNE 30, 2006** 

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# Budgets and budgetary control

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted, in accordance with state law, by the Mayor and City Council on or before June 22 for the following fiscal year, beginning July 1. Estimated revenues and appropriations may be increased or decreased by resolution of the City Council at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held prior to any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets include activities in several different funds, including the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The level of the City's budgetary control (that is, the level at which the City's expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amounts) is established by activity and purpose within an individual fund. Each department head is responsible to the Mayor and City Council for spending within the budget for their department. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unrestricted General Fund balance until it exceeds 5% of the General Fund revenues. Until unreserved fund balance is greater than the above amount, it cannot be budgeted, but is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, to meet emergency expenditures, and to cover unanticipated deficits. When unreserved fund balance is greater than 18% of the next year's budgeted revenues, the excess must be appropriated within the following two years.

Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent City Council action. The City Council can amend the budget to any extent, provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed budgeted revenues and appropriated fund balance. A public hearing must be held to increase total appropriations of any governmental fund. With the consent of the Finance Director, department heads may reallocate unexpended appropriated balances from one expenditure account to another within that department during the budget year.

Budgetary information included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the City.

# NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits and investing are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7) and rules of the State of Utah Money Management Council.

# Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The Money Management Act requires deposits be in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of federal government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute. The deposits for the City at June 30, 2006 were \$3,055,675, \$2,737,219 of which was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

# Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of investment securities.

The Act authorizes investments in both negotiable and nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Services or Standard & Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations, other than mortgage derivative products, issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises (U.S. Agencies) such as the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), and Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae); bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rate "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; and shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act.

The City's investments at June 30, 2006 are presented below:

		Investme	ent Ma	aturi	ties (	in y	ears)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less T <b>han</b> 1	1-:	5	6-:	10	Mo Than	
Debt Securities Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$22,234,353	\$22,234,353	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasuries Money Market Fund	<b>29,</b> 731	29,731		-		-		_
Total	\$22,264,084	\$22,264,084	\$	_	\$		\$	

### **Interest Rate Risk – Investments**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The City's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270-365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

# NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

# **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City follows the Money Management Act as previously discussed as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk. The City's rated debt investments are presented below:

			Qualit	y Ratings	3
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Value	AAA	AA_	A	Unrated
Debt Securities					
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$22,234,353	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$22,234,353
U.S. Treasuries	-	-	-	-	-
Money Market Fund	29,731	29,731			
Total	\$22,264,084	\$29.731	\$ -	\$ -	\$22,234,353

# Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

The City's investments at June 30, 2006 were with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (\$22,234,353) and the Dreyfus Treasury Cash Management Money Market Fund (\$29,731) and therefore are not categorized as to custodial credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available at Note C.

# Concentration of Credit Risk - Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of a loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The City's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5 and 10 percent depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

At June 30, 2006, the City did not have more than 5 percent of its investments in any single issuer other than the amounts invested with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is not categorized as to concentration of credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available at Note C.

# NOTE C - EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL

The City invests in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) which is an external investment pool administered by Utah State Public Treasurer. State agencies, municipalities, counties, and local governments within the State of Utah are allowed to invest in the PTIF. There is no required participation and no minimum balance or minimum/maximum transaction requirements.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized which are high-grade securities and, therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The participants' balance is their investment deposited in the PTIF plus their share of income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, which are allocated to each participant on the ratio of each participant's share to the total funds in the PTIF.

Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, the investments are valued at fair value to enable participants to adjust their investments in this pool at fair value. The Bank of New York and the State of Utah separately determine each security's fair value in accordance with GASB 31 (i.e. for almost all pool investments the quoted market price as of June 30, 2006) and then compare those values to come up with an agreed upon fair value of the securities.

As of June 30, 2006, the City had \$22,234,353 invested in the PTIF which had a fair value of \$22,227,238 for an unrealized loss of \$7,115. Due to the insignificance of this amount in relation to the funds affected by the unrealized loss, the fair value of investments in this external investment pool is deemed to be the amortized cost of the investment. The table below shows statistical information about the investment pool:

Investment Type	Investment Percentage
Corporate bonds and notes Money Markets and	65.46%
Certificates of deposit	4.82%
U.S. Government securities	29.72%
	100.00%

# NOTE D – RESTRICTED ASSETS

The balances of the City's restricted asset accounts are as follows:

		Primary Government		
·	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Sales tax bond construction accounts	\$ 505,111	\$ -	\$ 505,111	\$ -
Special assessment bonds and other future debt service	443,469	-	443,469	-
Unexpended impact fees	4,68 <b>5,0</b> 34	3,964,822	<b>8,6</b> 49,8 <b>56</b>	-
Revenue bond construction account	-	5,926,107	5,926,107	-
Revenue bond current debt service accounts	-	599,280	599,280	<u>-</u>
Component unit endowment account				7,500
	\$5,633,614	\$10,490,209	\$16,123,823	\$7,500

LEHI CITY CORPORATION

# NOTE E – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

	July 1, 2005	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2006
Governmental Activities: Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 31,887,914	\$ 9,248,349	\$ -	\$ 41,136,263
Construction in progress	5,914,820	1,763,297	4,473,168	3,204,949
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$ 37,802,734	\$11,011,646	\$4,473,168	\$ 44,341,212
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	\$ 13,344,007	\$ 1,644,820	\$ -	\$ 14,988,827
Improvements, including infrastructure	98,081,577	20,377,796	-	118,459,373
Machinery, equipment and	, ,	,		
vehicles	7,731,794	1,305,282	_	9,037,076
Office furniture and equipment	908,888	<u>167,060</u>		1,075,948
Total depreciable capital assets at historical cost	120,066,266	23,494,958		143,561,224
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	1,686,664	1,135,158	-	2,821,822
Improvements, including	, ,			
infrastructure	13,365,711	3,364,977	-	16,7 <b>30,</b> 688
Machinery, equipment and				
vehicles	4,248,715	1,060,488	-	5,309,203
Office furniture and equipment	600,930	111,292		712,222
Total accumulated	19,902,020	5,671,915	-	25,573,935
depreciation		<u> </u>		
Depreciable capital assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation	<u>\$100,164,246</u>	\$ 17,823,043	<u> </u>	<u>\$117,987,289</u>

# **JUNE 30, 2006**

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Increase in accumulated depreciation detailed as follows: Accumulated depreciation related to assets transferred from proprietary funds	
	\$1,024,877
Depreciation charged in	
governmental activities:	
General government	168,796
Public safety	360,303
Community development	46,262
Streets and highways	3,406,303
Parks, recreation and culture	623,780
Cemetery	41,594
	4,647,038
Total	\$5,671,915

# **JUNE 30, 2006**

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	July 1, 2005_	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2006
Business-type Activities:				
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 1,816,482	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 1,806,482
Construction in progress	47,653	2,499,903	157,784	2,389,772
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$ 1,864,135	\$ 2,499,903	\$ 167,784	\$4,196,254
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	\$ 2,262,765	\$ 5,629	\$1,135,108	\$ 1,133,286
Improvements, including				
distribution systems	113,234,525	23,329,800	-	136,564,325
Machinery, equipment and	4,0 <b>50,0</b> 95	628,590	553,328	4,125,357
vehicles	160 257	20.000	22.425	168,932
Office furniture and equipment	162,357	30,000	23,425	108,932
Total depreciable capital			4 714 064	141 001 000
assets at historical cost	119,709,742	23,994,019	1,711,861_	141,991,900
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	435,941	38,353	100,359	3 <b>73,</b> 935
Improvements, including			- co c=o	10.057.007
distribution systems	17,278,174	3,148,783	569,670	19,857,287
Machinery, equipment and	2,393,012	267,466	334,043	2,326,435
vehicles	157.027	12 626	20.805	148,857
Office furniture and equipment	156,026	13,636	20,805	
Total accumulated depreciation	20,263,153	3,468,238	1,024,877	22,706,514
Depreciable capital assets, net of				4440.405.406
accumulated depreciation	\$99,446,589	\$20,525,781	\$ 686,984	\$119,285,386
Depreciation was charged to functions	as follows:			
Business-type activities:				
Culinary water			\$ 594,698	
Sewer			512,783	
Pressurized irrigation			519,437	
Electric			1,504,804	
Drainage			336,516	
			\$3,468,238	4

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	July 1, 2005	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2006
Discretely Presented Component Un	nit:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$	- \$ 5,000
Depreciable capital assets:		<del></del>		
Buildings	\$189,200	\$ -	\$	- \$189,200
Improvements	303,887	6,495		- 310,382
Office furniture and equipment	72,194			- 72,194
Total depreciable capital				
assets at historical cost	565,281	6,495		<u>-</u> 571,776
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	61,503	4,766		- 66,269
Improvements	70,383	8,29 <b>9</b>		<b>- 78,6</b> 82
Office furniture and equipment	43,585	3,051		- 46,636
Total accumulated depreciation	175,471	16,116		- 191,587
Depreciable capital assets, net of				
accumulated depreciation	\$389,810	\$(9,621)	\$	- \$3 <b>80,</b> 189

# NOTE F - CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

Business-type activity deposits are enterprise fund customer deposits the City requires from renters or businesses before they receive utility connection. The deposit is returnable when the residence is vacated by the renter, or the business has established a history of meeting its obligations to the City promptly.

# NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following as of June 30, 2006:

Covernmen	4~1	4 <del>4</del>
t-nvernmen	191	activities

1999 Excise tax bonds	
\$2,500,000 excise tax term bonds due December 1, 2009 with	
interest at 3.6% to 4.45%	\$ 1,125,000
2003 Excise tax bonds	+ 1,120,000
\$3,130,000 excise tax term bonds due June 1, 2013 with	
interest at 2.5% to 3.2%	2,535,000
2003 Sales tax revenue bonds	_,,_
\$3,900,000 sales tax revenue term bonds due serially through	
June 1, 2024 with interest at 3.6% to 4.625%	3,900,000
2004 Sales tax revenue and refunding bonds	- , <b>- , - ,</b>
\$8,345,000 sales tax revenue and refunding term bonds due	
serially through June 1, 2024 with interest at 2.25% to 5.0%	7,405,000
	.,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

# **JUNE 30, 2006**

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE G – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

Governmental activities - continued	
2001 Special assessment bonds 59,2% of \$9,065,000 special assessment bonds due serially	
through 2016 with interest at 5.55%	3,461,254
2004 Subordinated sales tax revenue bonds	<b>-,</b> ,
\$9,000,000 authorized, \$5,251,200 issued through June 30, 2005	
sales tax revenue bonds due in annual installments equal	
to 87.5% of the local sales and use tax and 100% of the	
transient room tax collected from the Cabela's Retail Store	
Project area, due in 2024	7,8 <b>50</b> ,292
Capital lease obligations	
Payable in annual installments ranging from \$17,588 to \$60,605	
including interest at 3.75% to 5.6%, maturing between 2006 and	
2008	679,356
Tax increment note payable to developer	
Due in annual installments equal to 70% of the tax increment	
received by the RDA from the Alpine Highway Project, including	
interest at 6.5%, due in 2009	39,276,305
1996 Sewer revenue bonds	
63.5% of \$2,400,000 in sewer revenue bonds due serially	755 (50
through 2011 with interest rates ranging from 3.7% to 5.7%	755,650
Compensated absences	1,130,747
Landfill closure and postclosure care liability	96,055
Total governmental activities long-term debt	\$68,214,659
Business-type activities	
1998 Electric refunding and revenue bonds	
\$4,785,000 electric refunding and revenue bonds due serially	
through 2018 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.5%	\$ 2,892,948
2005 Electric variable rate demand notes	
\$6,000,000 variable rate revenue bonds due serially through 2020	
with interest rates estimated at 3.23%	\$ 6,000,000
2003 Water refunding bonds	
\$3,980,000 water revenue bonds due serially through 2020 with	2 211 752
interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 3.9%	3,311,752
1999 Water refunding bonds	
0. 7.0.000	
\$1,740,000 water refunding bonds due serially through 2015 with	4.40.000
interest at 3.25% to 4.9%	1,140,000
interest at 3.25% to 4.9% 1996 Sewer revenue bonds	1,140,000
interest at 3.25% to 4.9%	1,140,000 446,124

# NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

# Business-type activities - continued

2000 Drainage revenue bonds \$2,200,000 in drainage revenue bonds due serially through 2015 with interest rates ranging from 4.3% to 5.6% 1,525,000 2001 Special assessment bonds 40.8% of \$9,065,000 special assessment bonds due serially through 2016 with interest at 5.55% 2,383,954 Capital lease obligations Payable in annual installments ranging from \$21,464 to \$51,956 including interest at 4.22% to 4.77%, maturing between 2006 and 2010 420,591 Compensated absences 489,152 Total business-type activities long-term debt \$18,609,521

The following is a summary of the changes in governmental activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2006:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Dolotions	Balance	Amounts due
Governmental activities	July 1, 2003	Additions		June 30, 2006	<u>in 2007</u>
Bonds, notes and leases payable				•	
1999 Excise tax bonds	\$ 1,375,000	\$ -	\$ 250,000	¢ 1 125 000	<b>1</b> 065,000
2003 Excise tax bonds	2,740,000	Φ ~		\$ 1,125,000	\$ 265,000
2003 Sales tax revenue bonds	3,900,000	-	205,000	2,535,000	210,000
2004 Sales tax revenue and	3,500,000	-	-	3,900,000	-
refunding bonds	7,885,000		400.000	<b>7.40</b> 7.000	
		-	480,000	7,405,000	500,000
Capital lease obligations	<b>29</b> 2,19 <b>4</b>	583,159	1 <b>95,9</b> 97	679,356	159,994
2004 Subordinated sales tax					
revenue bonds	5,251,200	2,599,092	_	7,850,292	230,000
Special assessment bonds	3,780,987	· · ·	319.733		
	, ,		313,733	3,401,234	234,003
developer	39,127,461	148,844	_	39 276 305	_
1996 Sewer revenue bonds*		-	104,775		175 000
Total bonds, notes and				722,000	173,000
leases payable	65,212,267	3,331,095	1,555,505	66 987 857	1 794 597
Other liabilities:					1,774,377
Compensated absences	1,005,594	1.017.672	892 519	1 130 747	848.060
Landfill closure and post-		,	0> <b>-,</b> 01>	1,130,747	040,000
closure care liability	100,608	-	4,553	96.055	_
Total other liabilities		1.017 672			949 060
Governmental activities	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-, -, 1, 7, 0, 12	071,012	1,220,602	040,000
long-term debt	\$66,318,469	<b>\$ 4</b> ,348 <b>,76</b> 7	\$2,452,577	\$68,214,659	\$2,642,657
1996 Sewer revenue bonds*  Total bonds, notes and leases payable Other liabilities: Compensated absences Landfill closure and post- closure care liability Total other liabilities Governmental activities	3,780,987  39,127,461 860,425  65,212,267  1,005,594  100,608 1,106,202  \$66,318,469	148,844 	319,733 104,775 1,555,505 892,519 4,553 897,072 \$2,452,577	3,461,254 39,276,305 755,650 66,987,857 1,130,747 96,055 1,226,802	254,603 175,000 1,794,597 848,060

<sup>\*63.5%</sup> of the 1996 Sewer Revenue bonds will be repaid by the RDA, with the remaining 36.5% payable by the Sewer Fund. Therefore, the bonds are segregated between governmental activities and business-type activities.

# **JUNE 30, 2006**

# NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. Capital project funds predominantly provide debt service for the excise tax bonds, special assessment bonds and lease revenue bonds. The debt service for the note payable to developer and the RDA's portion of the 1996 sewer bonds is provided by the RDA.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION

As of June 30, 2006, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

	Excise Tax Bonds Principal Interest		Sewer Rever	ue Bonds
Year ending June 30,			Principal	Interest
2007	\$ 475,000	\$118,919	\$111,125	\$ 37,944
2008	490,000	102,821	114,300	31,718
2009	505,000	85,038	120,650	25,375
2010	525,000	65,009	130,175	18,602
2011	540,000	51,100	136,525	11,401
2012-2013	1,125,000	53,300_	142,875	3,858_
	\$3,660,000	\$476,187	\$755,650	\$128,898

	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		
Year ending June 30,_	Principal	Interest	
2007	\$ 500,000	\$ 444,203	
2008	500,000	433,516	
2009	515,000	420,819	
2010	525,000	406,185	
2011	550,000	38 <b>9,0</b> 72	
2012-2016	2,850,000	1,629,608	
2017-2021	3,410,000	995,536	
2022-2024	2,455,000	181,115	
	\$11,305,000	\$4,900,054	

	Special Assessment Bonds		
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	
2007	\$ 254,603	<b>\$</b> 196 <b>,67</b> 7	
2008	269,406	182,546	
2009	290,129	167,594	
2010	307,892	151,492	
2011	328,616	148,534	
2012-2014	1,213,805	311,691	
2015-2016	796,803	83,304	
	\$3,461,254	\$1,241,838	

# NOTE G – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the changes in business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2006:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2006	Amounts due in 2007
Business-type activities:					
Bonds, notes and leases payable					
1998 Electric refunding bonds	\$3,269,798	\$ -	\$ 376,850	\$2,892,948	\$ 90,000
2005 Electric revenue bonds	=	6,000,000	-	6,000,000	250,000
2003 Water refunding bonds	3,598,304	-	286,552	3,311,752	295,000
1999 Water refunding bonds	1,240,000	_	100,000	1,140,000	105,000
1996 Sewer revenue bonds*	508,311	_	62,187	446,124	63,875
2000 Drainage revenue bonds	1,655,000	-	130,000	1,525,000	135,000
2001 Special assessment			·	• •	,
bonds payable	2,604,125	-	220,171	2,383,954	187,985
Capital lease obligations	154,809	438,698	172,916	420,591	124,527
Total bonds, notes and					<del></del>
leases payable	13,030,347	<b>6,438,698</b>	1,348,676	18,120,369	1,251,387
Compensated absences	436,342	405,996	353,186	489,152	122,288
Business-types activities					
long-term debt	\$13,466,689	\$6,844,694	\$1,701,862	\$18,609,521	\$1,373,675

As of June 30, 2006, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

	Electric Refunding Bonds		Water Refu	nding Bonds
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
200=				
2007	\$ 90,000	<b>\$</b> 139, <b>36</b> 5	\$ 400,000	\$ 159,019
2008	250,000	129,320	415,000	147,235
2009	270,000	118,945	430,000	133,952
2010	280,000	107,605	345,000	119,327
2011	290,000	95,565	355,000	107,178
2012-2016	1,340,000	277,350	1,715,000	328,568
2017-202 <b>0</b>	430,000	31,200	770,000	76,095
	2,950,000	899,350	4,430,000	1,071,374
Plus unamortized premium (less unamortized loss on		,	, ,	2,072,071
defeasance)	(57,052)	57,052	21,752	(21,752)
	\$2,892,948	\$956,402	\$4,451,752	\$1,049,622

# NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

	Sewer Revenue Bonds		Drainage Rev	enue Bonds	
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	
2007	\$ 63,875	\$ 21,810	\$ 135,000	\$ 83,207	
2008	65,700	18,232	14 <b>5,0</b> 00	76,255	
2009	69,350	14,585	15 <b>0,0</b> 00	68,715	
2010	74,825	10,693	16 <b>0,0</b> 00	60,840	
2011	78,475	6,554	1 <b>70,0</b> 00	52,360	
2012-2015	82.125	2,217	765,000	110,320	
	434,350	74,091	1,525,000	451,697	
Plus unamortized					
premium	11,774	(11,774)			
	\$446,124	\$62,317	\$1,525,000	\$451,697	

	Special Assessment Bonds		Electric Rever	nue Bonds
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
-				
2007	\$ 187,985	\$ 135,491	\$ 250,000	<b>\$193,80</b> 0
2008	185,595	125,756	265,000	185,716
2009	199,871	115,456	270,000	17 <b>7,16</b> 6
2010	212,108	104,363	280,000	168,444
2011	226,385	102,326	300,000	15 <b>9,40</b> 0
2012-2016	1,372,010	272,113	1,935,000	641 <b>,6</b> 38
2017-202 <b>0</b>			2,700,000	236,598
	\$2,383,954	\$855,505	\$6,000,000	\$1,762,762

The City issued \$9,065,000 of special assessment bonds in 2001 to provide funds for the construction of streets, electric, water and sewer infrastructure in new residential and commercial developments. These bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by this construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources are received.

The amortization of compensated absences, subordinated sales tax revenues bonds, and the tax increment note payable to developer have not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

# NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

All outstanding revenue bonds are secured by a first lien on net revenues earned by the City. Net revenues are defined in the revenue bond agreements. The City is required to establish rates (including connection fees) sufficient to pay the operation and maintenance expenses and to provide net revenues in an amount not less that 125% of the aggregate annual debt service requirement for the forthcoming fiscal year. The following summarizes the debt service coverage calculations for the various revenue bonds:

	Electric Revenue Bonds	Water Revenue Bonds*	Drainage Revenue Bonds	Sewer Revenue Bonds
Net revenues				
Operating revenues Operating expenses (excluding	\$1 <b>7,0</b> 50,7 <b>61</b>	\$ 3,676,034	\$723,228	<b>\$2</b> ,169 <b>,4</b> 35
depreciation)	(14,237,620)	(1,921,382)	(10,294)	(2,322,166)
Impact fee revenues Interest income	3,832,868 192,065	3,3 <b>26</b> ,131 94,899	9,125	1,52 <b>0,6</b> 14 27,248
Debt service funded in 2006 by the RDA on the sewer revenue bonds	6,838,074	5,175,682	722,059	1,395,131
Net revenues	e 6 939 074			148,844
	\$ 6,838,074	\$ 5,175,682	\$722,059	\$ 1,543,975
Aggregate debt service for 2007	\$ 673,165	\$ 559,019	<u>21</u> 8,207	\$ 234,754
Ratio of net revenues to				
aggregate debt service	10.15	9.25	3.30	6.57
Minimum ratio	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25

<sup>\*</sup>The net revenues calculation for the Water Revenue Bonds combines the related information from the Culinary Water Fund and the Pressurized Irrigation Fund.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE G-LONG-TERM DEBT -CONTINUED

# Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, certain outstanding bonds were defeased by placing proceeds of bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements. At June 30, 2006 the following bonds are considered defeased:

	Bond Series	Defeased Balance
Governmental Activities:	2000 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$5,805,000
Business-type Activities: Electric fund	1994 Electric Revenue	\$1,000,000
Culinary Water and	1989 Water Revenue – Series B	325,812
Pressurized Irrigation	1989 Water Revenue - Series C	710 <b>,00</b> 0
Funds Electric fund	1998 Electric Bonds	\$155,000

### NOTE H – CAPITAL LEASES

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related buildings and equipment will become the property of the City when the terms of the lease agreement are met.

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
2007	\$185,989	\$ 137,259
2008	169,263	100,356
2009	86,329	100,356
Thereafter	337,298	122,934
	778,879	460,905
Less amount representing interest	(99,523)	(40,314)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$679,356	\$420,591

Capital assets and related accumulated depreciation under capital lease are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$810,785 223,647	\$529,748 112,925

### **JUNE 30, 2006**

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System and Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, Firefighters Retirement System, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). The Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Government Noncontributory Retirement System, the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, and the Firefighters Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Plan members in the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System the City is required to contribute 11.09% of their annual covered salary. In the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, members are required to contribute 12.29% of their salary (all of which is paid by the City), and the City is required to pay 7.95% of members' annual salary. In the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System the City is required to contribute 19.34% of the members' annual covered salary. In the Firefighters Retirement System, members are required to contribute 8.61% of their annual covered salary (all of which is paid by the City), and the City is not required to contribute. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

The City contributions to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$0, \$475, and \$6,455, respectively; for the Noncontributory Retirement System the contributions for June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$528,991, \$429,206, and \$357,107, respectively; and for the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, were \$279,704, \$180,213, and \$233,293, respectively; and for the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System, the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$94,102, \$46,566, and \$23,930, respectively. For the Firefighters Retirement System, the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$17,956, \$9,290, and \$9,077, respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTE J - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City sponsors a defined contribution deferred compensation plan administered by ICMA under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) for City employees covered by the State's contributory and noncontributory retirement plans. The plan, available to all permanent full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The 401(k) deferred compensation monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested in the employee's account from the date of employment. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, was approximately \$9,509,343. Of that amount, approximately \$8,632,00 was eligible to participate in the plan. The City participates at rates between 0% and 2.68% depending on the employees' contributions. The rate of City participation can be changed by the City Council. During the year ended June 30, 2006, contributions totaling \$132,223 were made to the plan by employees and \$270,833 by the City.

### NOTE K – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

The City has entered into a contract expiring in 2027 with the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) for the purchase of power. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is liable for an agreed-upon purchase amount of approximately .43% of production regardless of whether it is used. The City has also entered into an excess power sales agreement whereby all power purchased from IPA in excess of the City's need, will be sold to a group of California cities, thus relieving the City's excess power purchase liability.

The City is a member of Utah Associated Municipal Power System (UAMPS), a political subdivision of the State of Utah created to secure electric power for the members of UAMPS. As a member, the City has entered into power supply agreements with respect to various projects in which UAMPS participates. The total cost of the power the City will be required to purchase in future years is not determinable, however, at a minimum, in connection with these power supply agreements, the City will be required to fund debt service on the UAMPS bonds which, at June 30, 2006, had an outstanding balance of \$17,693,068. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City purchased power totaling approximately \$11.9 million.

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City management estimates the potential claims against the City resulting from such litigation not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

### NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for all of these risks of loss except natural disasters. There were no decreases in coverage during 2003. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Expenses and claims not covered by insurance are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. Claims information for the past two years is as follows:

	2006	2005
Claims liability, July 1	\$ 121,703	\$ 22,107
Claims incurred during the year and changes		
in estimates	255,102	244,760
Payments on claims during the year	226.161	111011
Payments made by insurance Coinsurance and deductible insurance	326,161	114,341
payments made by the City	27.007	20.822
• • •	<u>27,097</u>	30,823
Claims liability, June 30,	\$23,547	\$121,703

### NOTE M - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Individual fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2006, are as follows:

Due To Other Funds	Due From Other Funds	Amount
Major enterprise funds: Culinary Water Fund Sewer Fund Nonmajor enterprise funds Major governmental fund:	General Fund General Fund General Fund	\$2,798,753 999,636 278,358
Special Revenue Redevelopment Agency	Culinary Water Fund	568,090 \$4,644,837

The interfund receivables/payables are related to operating funds temporarily loaned from the general fund to various enterprise funds. The water fund has loaned money to the redevelopment agency to cover administrative costs where tax increment has been insufficient to cover such costs.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE N - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

A summary of interfund transfers by fund is as follows:

	<u>In</u>	Out
Major Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 749,945	\$ 1,058,640
Capital Projects Fund Streets	800,000	529,555
Redevelopment Agency	-	1,375,375
Culinary Water Fund	-	164,500
Sewer Fund	-	143,000
Pressurized Irrigation Fund	-	137,500
Electric Fund	-	240,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	1,976,141	
Nonmajor enterprise funds	122,484	
	\$3,648,570	\$3,648,570

# NOTE O - DEFICIT NET ASSETS

The Garbage Fund (a nonmajor enterprise fund) continues to operate in a deficit situation. The Garbage Fund had a net asset deficit of \$238,660 at June 30, 2006.

# NOTE P – SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance certain improvements to its culinary water distribution system, its sewer system, its pressurized irrigation system, its electric power distribution system and its drainage system. Because each of these activities is accounted for in separate funds and all of those funds are reported as major funds in the fund financial statements, segment disclosures herein are not required.

# NOTE Q - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency was created in 1985 to increase and develop the commercial growth in the southeast area of the City, known as the Millpond Project Area. Redevelopment activity did not begin until 1996, when the first tax increment was generated.

In 1994, Micron Technologies, Inc., a computer chip manufacturer, approached the City for tax incentives to construct a manufacturing facility in Utah. This project, which became a component of the Redevelopment Agency of the City, is known as the Alpine Highway Project Area. Infrastructure improvements on and off site have been made over the last two years. In 1998, the tax increment related to this project was triggered and received by the Redevelopment Agency and was used for debt service.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the following activity occurred in the City's Redevelopment Agency:

Tax increment collected from other taxing agencies for the project area	
Millpond Project Area	\$ 120,712
Alpine Highway Project Area	1,545,123
	\$ 1,665,835
Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects	\$40,031,955
Amounts expended for the acquisition of property	\$ -
Tax increments paid to other taxing agencies	118,592
Amounts expended for site improvements and preparation costs	<u>-</u>
Amounts expended for administrative costs	230,574
	\$ 349,166
Amounts expended for installation of public utilities	
and other public improvements	

# NOTE R - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expenditure in the General fund in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2006, and the expenditure recognized for the year then ended were calculated as follows based on the cumulative use of 70% of the estimated capacity of the landfill:

Total estimated closure and postclosure care costs	\$227,680
Capacity used as of June 30, 2006	70%_
Cumulative closure and postclosure care liability	159,376
Amounts previously recognized	157,099
Amount to be recognized as of June 30, 2006	\$ 2,277
Amount recorded as an expenditure in the General	
Fund for the year ended June 30, 2006	\$ 2,277
Amount recorded as an accrued liability in the General	
Fund as of June 30, 2006	\$ 63,321
Amount reported as a long-term liability in the	
governmental activities statement of net assets	96,055
	\$159,376

The total estimated closure and postclosure care costs are based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2006. The City expects the landfill to close in the year 2091 after reaching its total estimated capacity of 230,000 cubic yards. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required to establish financial assurance in accordance with the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality, Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste Administrative Rules. The City must submit an annual report in which certain financial information is provided to the State indicating that the City meets the minimum financial requirements outlined in the aforementioned rules.

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# COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Lehi Community Foundation – This fund is used to account for private donations that are restricted for specified projects.

# **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Capital Projects MBA Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of various facilities including the City's recreation center and library.

### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt service funds are used to account for long-term principal and interest obligations of the General and Special Revenue Funds.

General Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds restricted for debt service and for the payment of that debt service.

Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds for debt service on debt issued to finance redevelopment projects.

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

			REDI	EVELOP-						
			M	IENT					,	TOTAL
	G	ENERAL	AG	ENCY	C	APITAL		LEHI	NO	NMAJOR
		DEBT		EBT		OJECTS		MMUNITY		RNMENTAL
	_s	ERVICE	SE	RVICE		MBA	FOU	JNDATION	1	FUNDS
ASSETS										
CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$	398,620	\$	-	\$	31,447	\$	104,805	\$	534,872
TAXES RECEIVABLE		-		-		-		-		-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		-		-		-		-		-
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS		1,026		-		-		-		1,026
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	399,646	\$	-	\$	31,447	\$	104,805	\$	535,898
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES										
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<b>4,78</b> 8	\$	4,788
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		-		-		-		-		-
DEFERRED REVENUE		-		-						-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		<del></del>	· ——			4,788		4,788
FUND BALANCE										
RESERVED FOR CAPITAL		-		-		-		-		-
IMPROVEMENTS										
RESERVED FOR DEBT SERVICE		1 <b>,02</b> 6		-		-		•		1,026
UNRESERVED		398,620		-		31,447		10 <b>0,01</b> 7		530,084
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	_	399,646		-		31,447		100,017		531,110
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	399,646	\$		\$	31 <b>,447</b>	\$	104,805	\$	535,898

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

		REDEVELOP-		SPECIAL		
	OPNIED AT	MENT	G + PT + T	REVENUE	TOTAL	
	GENERAL	AGENCY	CAPITAL	LEHI		
	DEBT	DEBT	PROJECTS	COMMUNITY		
	SERVICE	SERVICE	MBA	FOUNDATION	FUNDS	
REVENUES						
TAXES	\$ 1,484,000	<b>\$</b> -	s -	\$ -	\$ 1.48 <b>4.000</b>	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE	589,901		J -	J -	\$ 1,48 <b>4,000</b> 589 <b>.901</b>	
MISCELLANEOUS	-		_	55,734	55,734	
TOTAL REVENUES	0.072.001					
TOTAL REVENUES	2,073,901			55,734	2,129,635	
EXPENDITURES						
CURRENT						
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT			-	<b>46</b> ,886	46,886	
OTHER	-	-	47	-	47	
DEBT SERVICE						
PRINCIPAL	1,450,731	104,775	-	-	1,555,506	
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	1,056,925	1,125,655			2,182,580	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,507,656	1,230,430	47	<b>46</b> ,886	3,785,019	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(433,755)	(1,230,430)	(47)	8,848	(1,655,384)	
(61,51,51,51,51,51,51,51,51,51,51,51,51,51	(+33,733)	(1,230,430)	(47)	0,040	(1,033,364)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				•	•	
ISSUANCE OF BONDS AND NOTES	-	-	_	-	-	
TRANSFERS IN	<b>745</b> ,711	1,230,430	-	-	1,976,141	
TRANSFERS OUT	_	- · ·	-	-	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	745,711	1,230,430			1,976,141	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	311,956	-	(47)	8,848	320,757	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	87,690		31,494	91,169	210,353	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	<b>\$ 39</b> 9,646	<u>s</u> -	\$ 31,447	<b>\$ 100</b> ,017	\$ 531,110	

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INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PROJECTS, SPECIAL REVENUE AND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS STREETS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	BUDGETED	A 3.44		-	VARIANCE WIT FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
	 	AIVI		ACTUAL			
	 RIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUE MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	\$ 537,000	\$	537,000	\$ 451,914	\$	(85,086)	
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	10,000		85,000	88,827		3,827	
TOTAL REVENUES	547,000		622,000	540,741		(81,259)	
EXPENDITURES CURRENT							
OTHER	102,500		256,000	292,001		(36,001)	
CAPITAL OUTLAY	3,200,000		6,085,000	4,576,083		1,508,917	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 3,302,500		6,341,000	4,868,084		1,472,916	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,755,500)		(5,719,000)	(4,327,343)		1,391,657	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS IN	_		800,000	800,000		-	
TRANSFERS OUT	(537,000)		(537,000)	(529,555)		7,445	
ISSUANCE OF BONDS	2,900,000		5,725,000	2,599,092		(3,125,908)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,363,000		5,988,000	2,869,537		(3,118,463)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(392,500)		269,000	(1,457,806)		(1,726,806)	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAF	 2,810,393		2,810,393	2,810,393		<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,417,893	<u>\$</u>	3,079,393	\$ 1,352,587	\$	(1,726,806)	

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS MBA FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

							VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	BUD	GETED A	AMOU.	MOUNTS			POSITIVE		
	ORI	GINAL	FINAL		ACTUAL		(NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
TOTAL REVENUES						-			
EXPENDITURES CURRENT OTHER CAPITAL OUTLAY DEBT SERVICE PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		- - -		• • •		47 - - -		(47) - -	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES				<u></u>		47		(47)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>				(47)		(47)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS IN TRANSFERS OUT TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- 		<u>-</u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(47)		(47)	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAF		31,494	31,4	194_		31,494			
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$	31,494	\$31,4	194_	\$	31,447	_\$	(47)	

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	BUDGETEL	AMOUNTS		POSITIVE		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES TAXES INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES	\$ 1,484,000 590,000	\$ 1,484,000 590,000	\$ 1,484,000 589,902	\$ - (98)		
TOTAL REVENUES	2,074,000	2,074,000	<b>2,07</b> 3,902	(98)		
EXPENDITURES DEBT SERVICE PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	1,03 <b>8,600</b> 1,768,900	1,038,600 1,768,900	1,454,968 1,052,688	(416,368) 716,212		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,807,500	2,807,500	2,507,656	299,844		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(733,500)	(733,500)	(433,754)	299,746		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	733,500 733,500	733,500 733,500	745,710 745,710	12,210 12,210		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		311,956	311,956		
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAF	87,690	87,690	87,690			
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 87,690	\$ 87,690	\$ 399,646	\$ 311,956		

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

					ANCE WITH L BUDGET
	BUDGETEI	) AMO	DUNTS		 SITIVE
	 RIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL	GATIVE)
REVENUES					
TAXES					
PROPERTY TAX REVENUE	\$ 2,000,000	\$	1,670,000	\$ 1,665,835	\$ (4,165)
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE					
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	15,000		15,000	20,234	5,234
TOTAL REVENUES	2,015,000		1,685,000	1,686,069	1,069
EXPENDITURES					
REDEVELOPMENT					
PERSONNEL	202,000		202,000	202,000	-
GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE	8,000		14,000	13,648	352
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	5,000		<b>30,</b> 000	14,926	15,074
CONTRIBUTION TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS	 180,000		119,000	118,592	408
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 395,000		365,000	349,166	 15,834
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES	 1,620,000		1,320,000	1,336,903	 (14,765)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
ISSUANCE OF NOTES	148,800		148,800	148,844	44
TRANSFERS OUT	(1,768,800)		(1,468,800)	(1,375,375)	93,425
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,620,000)		(1,320,000)	(1,226,531)	93,469
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-	110,372	78,704
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAF	808,292		808,292	808,292	 -
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 808,292	\$	808,292	\$ 918,664	\$ 78,704

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#### SUPPLEMENTARY INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULE

#### **General Fund**

This supplementary schedule is included to provide management with additional information for financial analysis.

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

REVENUES TAXES PROPERTY TAXES IN LIEU OF GENERAL SALES TAX FRANCHISE TAX TOT LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS BUSINESS AND ANIMAL LICENSES	TALS	\$ 3,131,000 411,000 1,995,000 1,560,300 7,097,300	\$ 3,156,000 420,000	* 3,287,562	(NEGATIVE)
TAXES PROPERTY TAXES IN LIEU OF GENERAL SALES TAX FRANCHISE TAX TOT LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	TALS ]	411,000 1,995,000 1,560,300		\$ 3,287,562	
PROPERTY TAXES IN LIEU OF GENERAL SALES TAX FRANCHISE TAX  TOT LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	TALS	411,000 1,995,000 1,560,300		\$ 3,287,562	
IN LIEU OF GENERAL SALES TAX FRANCHISE TAX  TOT LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	TALS	411,000 1,995,000 1,560,300		\$ 3,287,562	
GENERAL SALES TAX FRANCHISE TAX TOT LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	TALS	1,995,000 1,560,300	420 <b>,000</b>		<b>\$</b> 131,562
FRANCHISE TAX  TOT LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	TALS	1,560,300		503,721	83,721
TOT LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	TALS		1,900,000	2,462 <b>,940</b>	562,940
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	TALS _	7.097.300	1,830,000	2,186,681	356,681
-		7,057,500	7,306,000	<u>8,440,904</u>	1,134,904
		43,000	47,000	52,135	5,135
BUILDING PERMITS		1,250,000	2,300,000	2,888,117	588,117
IMPACT FEES		1,667,000	3,500,000	3,962,959	462,959
	ALS	<b>2,</b> 960, <b>000</b>	5,847,000	6,903,211	1,056,211
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE					
CLASS "C" ROAD FUNDS		400,000	400,000	429,525	29,525
FIRE DEPARTMENT GRANT		20,000	90,000	86,047	(3,953)
STATE LIQUOR FUNDS ALLOTMENT		19,000	19,000	18,843	(157)
STATE PARK GRANT		-	68,000	67,060	(940)
COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION		30,000	40,000	38 <b>,39</b> 1	(1,609)
OTHER GRANTS		168,000	128,000	109,202	(18,798)
	ALS	637,000	745,000	749 <b>,068</b>	4,068
CHARGES FOR SERVICE					
PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES		1,119,000	1,756,000	1,799 <b>,193</b>	<b>43</b> ,193
AMBULANCE FEES		<del>-</del>	225,000	279,386	<b>54</b> ,386
FIRE FEES		325,000	85 <b>,000</b>	12 <b>,990</b>	(72,010)
CEMETERY FEES		75, <b>000</b>	100, <b>000</b>	113 <b>,897</b>	13,897
RECREATION FEES		1,413,500	2,082,500	2,318,185	235,685
OTHER SERVICE REVENUE	-	70,000	72,000	64,304	(7,696)
	ALS	3,002,500	4,320,500	4,587,955	267,455
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
COURTS FINES AND FORFEITURES	-	1,052,000	1,102,000	1,219,282	117,282
MICCELL AND OLIC DEVENIE					
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE		1.40.000	400.000		
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		140,000	420,000	457,352	37,352
MISCELLANEOUS		335,000	869,500	922,616	53,116
тот	ALS _	475,000	1,289,500	1,379,968	90,468
TOTAL REVEN	IJES	15,223,800	20,610,000	23,280,388	2,670,388
19112 12 121	-	10,223,000	20,010,000	23,200,300	2,070,388
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
COURT		0.7.1.000	***		
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MARKENIANCE		274,000	292,000	307,410	(15,410)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		420,800	452,800	448 <b>,954</b>	3,846
CAPITAL		42,200	40,000	<u>27,774</u>	12,226
	TAL -	737,000	784,800	784 <b>,138</b>	662
ADMINISTRATIVE DED SONNEI		242.500	400.000		
PERSONNEL ODED ATIONS AND MAINTENIANCE		362,500	478,500	490,744	(12,244)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		281,500	392,000	390,581	1,419
CAPITAL	TAT -	34,000	44,000	31,252	12,748
	TAL _	678,000	914,500	912,577	1,923
TREASURY				_	
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		277,000	292,000	296, <b>203</b>	<b>(4,2</b> 03)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		73,300	131,300	133, <b>503</b>	(2,203)
CAPITAL		10,100	11,000	4,199	6,801
TO	TAL _	360,400	434,300	433,905	395

CONTINUED

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

					VARIANCE WITH
		DUDGETED	MOUNTS		FINAL BUDGET
		BUDGETED A ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
		ORIGITALE	TIVAL	ACTOAL	(NEGATIVE)
FINANCE					
PERSONNEL		197,500	215,000	228, <b>492</b>	(13,492)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		84,200	91 <b>,700</b>	80,035	11,665
CAPITAL		4,500	6,000	2,345	3,655
I FOIGH A FINIT	TOTAL	286,200	312,700	310,872	1,828
LEGISLATIVE					
PERSONNEL		98,500	132,000	119,565	<b>12,4</b> 35
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL		41,000	71,000	83,044	(12,044)
CH III/LE	TOTAL	139,500	203,000	202.600	
FACILITIES MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	139,300	203,000	202,609	391
PERSONNEL		105,700	126,500	128,989	(2,489)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		50,7 <b>00</b>	97,300	90,159	7,141
CAPITAL		15,000	967,000	962,836	4,164
	TOTAL	171,400	1,190,800	1,181,984	8,816
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		2,372,500	3,840,100	3,826,085	14,015
DUDI IO CAPERTA					
PUBLIC SAFETY POLICE					
PERSONNEL		2,700,000	2 210 000	2 226 025	(0( 025)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		489,000	3,310,000 570,500	3,336,935	(26,935)
CAPITAL		311,500	311,500	563,648 289,200	6,852
	TOTAL .	3,500,500	4,192,000	4,189,783	22,300 2,217
FIRE		3,500,500	4,172,000	4,109,703	2,21/
PERSONNEL		612,000	800,000	802,488	(2,488)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		324,100	361,100	241,854	119,246
CAPITAL		101,000	101,000	99,645	1,355
	TOTAL	1,037,100	1,262,100	1,143,987	118,113
ANIMAL CONTROL					
PERSONNEL		-	-	-	-
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		81,000	84,000	75,650	8,350
CAPITAL		24,500	24,500	15,316	9,184
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	TOTAL	105,500	108,500	90,966	17,534
	-	4,643,100	5,562,600	5,424,736	137,864
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT					
PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL		252 500	4.0.00		
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		352,500	430,000	439,857	(9,857)
CAPITAL		48,000	56,000	48,761	7,239
CALITAL	TOTAL	51,500 452,000	51,500 537,500	45,448	6,052
PLANNING AND ZONING	TOTAL .	452,000	337,300	534,066	3,434
PERSONNEL		387,000	402,500	408,772	(6,272)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		116,600	134,400	135,398	(998)
CAPITAL		24,000	24,000	4,001	19,999
	TOTAL	527,600	560,900	548,171	12,729
INSPECTIONS	-			<u> </u>	
PERSONNEL		587,000	648,000	653,340	(5,340)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		213,900	411,000	311,787	99,213
CAPITAL		27,000	45,000	49,917	(4,917)
TOTAL COLONIA NO NEW COLONIA C	TOTAL	827,900	1,104,000	1,015,044	<b>88,9</b> 56
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	-	1,807,500	2,202,400	2,097,281	105,119

CONTINUED

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONTINUED
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

FOR THE TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000		-			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
		BUDGETED			POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS					
STREETS AND PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS		659 <b>,500</b>	740,000	761 <b>,870</b>	(21,870)
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		607. <b>900</b>	783,200	775 <b>,400</b>	7,800
		1,411,800	1,623,300	1,412 <b>,72</b> 7	210,573
CAPITAL	TOTAL	2,679,200	3,146,500	2,949,997	196,503
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	1011111	2,079,200			
PARKS					
PERSONNEL		425,500	453,500	477,155	(23,655)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		232,100	306,900	298,625	8,275
CAPITAL		693 <b>,400</b>	993,400	915,107	
	TOTAL	1,351,000	1,753,800	1,690,887	62,913
COMMUNITY ARTS AND EVENTS					
PERSONNEL		-	-	-	-
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		94,250	157 <b>,800</b>	142,060	15,740
CAPITAL		25,000	80,000	93,934	(13,934)
	TOTAL	119,250	237,800	235,994	1,806
SENIOR CITIZENS					
PERSONNEL		93,000	9 <b>4,000</b>	95,218	(1,218)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		46,000	46,000	51,140	(5,140)
CAPITAL		12,000	12,000	3,618	8,382
	TOTAL	151,000	152,000	149,976	2,024
RECREATION					(1.1.101)
PERSONNEL		1,026,000	1,393,500	1,407,621	(14,121)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		794 <b>,600</b>	1,124,300	1,046,661	77,639
CAPITAL		145,800	225,800	175,283	50,517
	TOTAL	1,966,400	2,743,600	2,629,565	114,035
LIBRARY		467 <b>,000</b>	452,500	452,540	(40)
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		211,500	353 <b>,00</b> 0	341,802	11,198
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		67 <b>,100</b>	128,200	138,820	(10,620)
CAPITAL	TOTAL	745,600	933,700	933,162	538
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	IOIAL	4,333,250	5,820,900	5,639,584	181,316
•		4,555,250	3,020,700	3,037,364	101,510
CEMETERY		220 200	247 500	252.044	(4.544)
PERSONNEL		228,300	247,500	252,044	(4,544) 15,759
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		62 <b>,700</b> 110 <b>,500</b>	70 <b>,000</b> 165 <b>,00</b> 0	54 <b>,24</b> 1 174 <b>,34</b> 2	(9,342)
CAPITAL	TOTAL	401,500	482,500	480,627	1,873
TOTAL EXPEND	ITURES	16,237,050	21,055,000	20,418,310	636,690
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,013,250)	(445,000)	2,862,078	3,307,078
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
TRANSFERS IN		605 <b>,000</b>	605 <b>,00</b> 0	749 <b>,94</b> 5	144,945
TRANSFERS OUT		-	(800,000)	(1,058,640)	(258,640)
CAPITAL LEASES		_	500,000	500,000	
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		20,000	40,000	41,239	1,239
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		625,000	345,000	232,544	(112,456)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(388,250)	(100,000)	3,094,622	3,194,622
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		6,047,669	6,047,669	6,047,669	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		\$ 5,659,410	\$ 5,947,669	\$ 9.142.291	\$ 3,194,622
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		\$ 5,659,419	\$ 5,947,669	\$ 9,142,291	\$ 3,194,

#### **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Swimming Pool – To account for operating and capital activities of the recreational service. As of the beginning of this fiscal year, the operations of the swimming pool fund were moved to the general fund.

Garbage— To account for the provisions of the garbage services to the residents of the City. These funds account for all activities necessary to provide such services including, but not limited to, administration, operations maintenance and billing, and collections.

Ambulance – To account for the financial activities of the health services of the City. As of the beginning of this fiscal year, the operations of the ambulance fund were moved to the general fund.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

			BI	USINESS-7	TYPE A	CTIVITIES		
		<b>MING</b>				-		
	P(	OOL	G.	ARBAGE	AMB	ULANCE	1	TOTALS
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (NET)		-		170 <b>,900</b>		-		17 <b>0,90</b> 0
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		-	-	170,900				170,900
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		_		-		-		-
NON-DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS		-		-		-		_
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		-		-		-		-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		-	_	-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	170,900	\$		\$	170,900
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	\$	-	\$	278,358	\$	_	\$	278,358
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		_		131,202		_		131,202
WAGES PAYABLE		-		· <del>-</del>		_		· -
CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES		-		-		-		-
CURRENT MATURITIES OF LONG-TERM								
OBLIGATIONS								_
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<del></del>	-		409,560				409,560
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES								
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		-		-		-		-
CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE, LESS								
CURRENT MATURITIES		-		-		-		-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		-						-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		409,560				409,560
NET ASSETS								
INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT		-		-		_		_
UNRESERVED		-		(238,660)		_		(238,660)
TOTAL NET ASSETS		-		(238,660)				(238,660)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	_\$	_	\$	170,900	\$	_	\$	170,900

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
OPERATING REVENUES	SWIMMING									
OFERATING REVENUES	POOL	GARBAGE	AMBULANCE	TOTALS						
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$ -	\$ 1,405,976	\$ -	\$ 1,405 <b>,976</b>						
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES	<u> </u>	- <u> </u>								
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		1,405,976		1,405,976						
OPERATING EXPENSES										
PERSONNEL	-	_	_	-						
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	-	2,517	-	2,517						
OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE	-	1,383,991	-	1,383,991						
DEPRECIATION	-	-	-	-						
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,386,508		1,386,508						
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		19,468		19,468						
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE	-	-	-	_						
GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	=	-	_	_						
INTEREST EXPENSE	-	-	-	-						
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			-	-						
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	<del></del> _	19,468		19,468						
CONTRIBUTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS NET OF										
RELATED DEBT	(495,048)	_	(108,341)	(603,389)						
TRANSFERS IN	20,712	80,000	21,77 <b>2</b>	122,484						
TRANSFERS OUT		<u> </u>								
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN (OUT)	(474,336)	80,000	(86,569)	(480 <b>,905)</b>						
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(474,336)	99,468	(86,569)	(461,437)						
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	474,336	(338,128)	86,569	222,777						
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (238,660)	\$	\$ (238,660)						

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006			BUSI	NESS-T	YPE A	CTIVITIES		
	SV	ЛММІ <b>N</b> G						
		POOL	GARBA	AGE	_AM	BULANCE		TOTALS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMERS	\$	_	\$ 1,38	6.941	\$	_	\$	1,386,941
CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS	•	-		3,030)	•	-	•	(1,373,030)
CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES		-		-		-		-
RECEIPTS (PAYMENTS) FROM OTHER FUNDS			(9	3,911)				(93,911)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES			(8	0, <b>000</b> )				(80,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			,					
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		-		-		-		-
TRANSFERS IN		-	8	0,000		-		80,000
TRANSFERS OUT								
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	8	0,000				80,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES  ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF								
CAPITAL ASSETS		-		-		-		-
PAYMENTS MADE ON CAPITAL LEASES		-		-		-		-
INTEREST PAID ON CAPITAL LEASES		-		-		-		-
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS  NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED	-							<del></del>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-		-				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED								-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		_		_		<b>-</b>		-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH							\	
EQUIVALENTS		-		-		-		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR								-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR						<del></del>		<del></del>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR								
CONSISTS OF:	•		ø		\$		\$	
UNRESTRICTED CASH RESTRICTED CASH	\$	-	\$	-	Ф	-	Þ	-
	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING								
ACTIVITIES								
BOOK VALUE OF CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSFERRED OUT								
NET OF RELATED DEBT	\$	(495,048)	\$	-	\$	(108,341)	\$	(603,389)
TRANSFERS IN		20,712		-		21,772		42,484
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET								
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$		\$ 1	9,468	\$		\$	19,468
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME		-	ا ج	9,400	Ф	-	J	19,400
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
DEPRECIATION		-		-		-		-
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES  ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		_	/1	9,035)		-		(19,035)
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		-	,	3,478		- 		13,478
ACCRUED LIABILITIES		-	•	-		-		-
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS			(9	3,911)		<del></del>		(93,911)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING								
ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>	\$ (8	30,000)	\$	-	\$	(80,000)

STATISTICAL SECTION

# Schedule 1 Lehi City Net Assets by Component Last Four Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2003		2004		2005		2006		
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	(36,977,479) 2,229,240 18,135,240	\$	(35,683,910) 1, <b>934,</b> 133 20,634,004	\$	76,480,271 2,464,432 11,523,200	\$	95,663,909 5,069,239 14,183,830		
Total governmental activities net assets		(16,612,999)		(13,115,773)		<b>90,</b> 467 <b>,90</b> 3		114,916,978		
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted		72,442,065 938,806 5,944,956		78,483,565 1,022,388 4,439,713		88,606,990 2,278,824 2,888,003		111,727,736 3,964,822 4,861,520		
Total business-type activities net assets		79,325,827		83,945,666		93,773,817		120,554,078		
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted		35,464,586 3,168,046 24,080,196		42,7 <b>99</b> ,655 2,9 <b>5</b> 6,521 25,07 <b>3</b> ,717		165,087,261 4,743,256 14,411,203		207,391,645 9,034,061 19,045,350		
Total primary government net assets	\$	62,712,828	\$	70,829,893	\$	184,241,720	\$	235,471,056		

## Schedule 2 Lehi City Changes in Net Assets Last Four Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
		2003		2004		2005		2006	
Expenses									
Governmental activities				•					
General government	\$	2,480,994	\$	2,148,621	\$	2,473,715	\$	3,061 <b>,330</b>	
Public Safety		3,452,452		3,641,392		4,058 <b>,050</b>		5,591,343	
Community Development		1,602,565		1,893,666		2,094 <b>,404</b>		2,430,340	
Streets and Highways		1,239,635		2,134,311		<b>4,</b> 075 <b>,00</b> 3		4,832,769	
Parks, recreation, and culture		2,789, <b>498</b>		1,847, <b>707</b>		4,880 <b>,066</b>		5,224,571	
Cemetary		285,779		298 <b>,869</b>		303 <b>,608</b>		350 <b>,002</b>	
Other		21,444		9 <b>,264</b>		7,597		-	
Interest on long-term debt		1,435,216		3,095,006		2,228,046		2,573,686	
Total governmental activities	_	13,307,583		15,068,836		20,120,489		24,064,041_	
Business-type activities									
Culinary Water		1,298,539		1,586,672		1,806,484		1,883,564	
Sewer		1,817,524		2,163,724		2,529,956		2,885,779	
Pressurized Irrigation		971 <b>,657</b>		1,144,007		1,368,222		1,396,885	
Electric		16,268,567		16,775 <b>,27</b> 3		14,829,348		16,087 <b>,30</b> 3	
Drainage		392,205		390 <b>,367</b>		434 <b>,486</b>		440,973	
Swimming Pool		318,325		304 <b>,497</b>		235,355		-	
Ambulance		364,241		386 <b>,564</b>		381 <b>,408</b>		-	
Garbage		817,826		1,041,433		1,257,056		1,386,508	
Total business-type activities		22,248,884		23,792,537		22,842,315		24,081,012	
Total primary government expenses	\$	35,556 <b>,46</b> 7	\$	38,861,373	\$	<b>4</b> 2,962 <b>,80</b> 4	\$	<b>4</b> 8,145 <b>,0</b> 53	
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities									
Charges for services	Ф	770 202	ď	07( 271	ď	1 200 040	\$	1 471 002	
General government	\$	770,293	\$	976,371	\$	1,300,040	3	1,67 <b>1,98</b> 2	
Public Safety		67,203		87,388		86,129		389 <b>,7</b> 67 4,73 <b>8,74</b> 0	
Community Development		1,568,535		2,659,701		2,781,526			
Streets and Highways		4,184		20,600		19,475		31 <b>4,82</b> 9	
Parks, recreation, and culture		834,499		910,245		1,579,155		2,496,624	
Cemetary		73,668		80,850		77,836		113,897	
Operating grants and contributions		747,425		566,948		299,681		652,893	
Capital grants and contributions		6,150,959		4,754 <b>,765</b>		15,631,015	_	23,997,070	
Total governmental activities	_	10,216,766		10,056,868		21,774,857	_	34,375,802	
Business-type activities									
Charges for services									
Culinary Water		1,152,873		1,444,078		1,589,361		1,98 <b>6,92</b> 7	
Sewer		1,517,513		1,629,146		1,802,658		2,071,764	
Pressurized Irrigation		793,680		1,000,270		1,134,314		1,325,319	
Electric		16,200,634		17,109,495		14,735,942		16,88 <b>0,</b> 143	
Drainage		445,165		421,334		381,558		426,361	
Swimming pool		210,336		220,119		81 <b>,98</b> 5		-	
Ambulance		232,863		236,663		254,131		-	
Garbage		735 <b>,079</b>		961 <b>,685</b>		1,200,183		1,405,976	
Operating grants and contributions		33,976		11,690		11,308		-	
Capital grants and contributions		11,062,542		5,391 <b>,982</b>		11,178,666		26,673,151	
Total business-type activities		32,384,661		28,426,462		32,370,106	_	50,769 <b>,64</b> 1	
Total primary government program revenues	\$	42,601,427	\$	38,483,330	\$	54,144,963	\$	85,145 <b>,44</b> 3	
		72							

#### Schedule 2 Lehi City

#### Changes in Net Assets (continued)

Last Four Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
Not (Famous ND		2003		2004		2005		2006	
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(3,090,817) 10,135,777	\$	(5,011,968) 4,633,925	\$	1,65 <b>4,368</b> 9,52 <b>7,79</b> 1	\$	10,311,761 26,688,629	
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue		7,044,960	\$	(378,043)	_\$_	11,182,159	\$	37,000,390	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities Taxes									
Property taxes Sales taxes Franchise taxes Motor vehicle fees in lieu Earnings on investments Other Transfers	\$	3,189,739 2,212,632 1,482,720 335,782 443,235 93,413	\$	3,302,183 2,356,721 1,608,100 340,504 142,183 445,803	\$	6,087,979 1,758,008 1,864,640 333,893 542,371 160,689	\$	7,078,262 2,462,970 2,186,651 503,721 698,566 41,239	
Total governmental activities	_	(15,547,513) (7,789,992)		313, <b>700</b> 8,509,194		326,900 11,074,480		1,165 <b>,905</b> 14,137 <b>,</b> 314	
Business-type activities Earnings on investments Other Transfers		274,376 57,027 15,547,513		53,429 246,185 (313,700)		230,544 396,716 (326,900)		328,593 928,944 (1,165,905)	
Total business-type activities		15,878,916		(14,086)		300,360		91,632	
Total primary government	\$	8,088,924	\$	8,495,108	\$	11,374,840	\$	14,228,946	
Change in Net Assets Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(10,880,809) 26,014,693	\$	3,497, <b>226</b> 4,619,839	\$	12,728, <b>848</b> 9,828,151	\$	24,449, <b>07</b> 5 26,780,261	
Total primary government	\$	15,133,884	\$	8,117,065	\$	22,556,999	_\$_	51,229,336	

Schedule 3
Lehi City
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Four Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal	Year	<u></u>	
	2003		2004		2005	<b>20</b> 06
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ 1,15 <b>6,87</b> 2 1,931,931	\$	1,934,133 3,488,074	\$	2,3 <b>89</b> ,930 3,65 <b>7</b> ,739	\$ 4,626, <b>796</b> 4,515,495
Total general fund	 3,088,803		5,422,207		6,047,669	 9,142,291
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	4,636,863		7,377,815		2,810,393	812,311
Debt service funds Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	81,336 368,022 2,681,334		87,2 <b>50</b> 995,839 <b>733,467</b>		87,690 899,461 31,494	398,620 1,018,681 572,749
Total all other governmental funds	 7,7 <b>67,5</b> 55		9,194,371		3,829,038	2,802,361
Total governmental funds	\$ 10,856,358	_\$_	14,616,578		9,876,707	\$ 11,944,652

#### Schedule 4 Lehi City

### Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

#### Last Four Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year							
D.		2003		2004		2005		2006
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	7,325,767	\$	8,777,061	\$	9,44 <b>4,6</b> 20	\$	11,590,739
Licenses, fees and permits		2,240,770		3,340,344		4,283,213		6,903,211
Intergovernmental		1,186,672		1,420,442		1,06 <b>2,0</b> 31		1,338,970
Charges for services		1,510,792		1 <b>,96</b> 7,50 <b>9</b>		2,702,550		4,587,955
Fines and forfeitures		770,293		976,371		1,30 <b>0,0</b> 40		1,219,282
Special assessment revenue		251,664		-		83 <b>1,9</b> 70		451,914
Miscellaneous		290,566		1,038,819		547,766		978,350
Interest on investments		435,532		142,183		542,371		566,413
Total revenues		14,012,056		17,662,729		20,714,561		27,636,834
Expenditures								
General government		2,197,016		2,157,039		2,351,371		3,826,086
Public Safety		3,544,002		3,651,906		3,982,637		5,424,736
Community development		1,603,289		1,882,558		2,163,457		2,493,333
Streets and highways		2,153,217		1,964,867		2,518,285		2,949,997
Parks recreation and culture		2,774,849		3,432,867		4,562,906		5,639,584
Cemetary		284,773		267,909		329,604		480,627
Other		73,463		9,264		87,616		8,598
Capital outlay		370,232		2,681,809		10,741,229		4,859,533
Debt Service		,		, ,		,		1,025,233
Principal		2,713,142		7,478,960		2,113,343		1,555,506
Interest and fiscal charges		1,424,739		3,080,911		2,230,367		2,182,580
Total expenditures		17,138,722		26,608,090		31,080,815		29,420,580
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								-
over (under) expenditures	<del></del>	(3,126,666)		(8,945,361)		(10,366,254)		(1,783,746)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		5,533,843		8,496,273		3,571,403		3,526,085
Transfers out	(	(21,081,356)	-	(8,182,573)		(3,244,503)		(2,963,569)
Transfer to component unit	·	(30,000)		(-,,-,-,-		(100,000)		(2,505,505)
Proceeds from capital lease		271,709		_		(100,000)		500,000
Sale of fixed assets						_		41,239
Bond and note proceeds		19,360,876		12,391,881		5,399,485		2,747,936
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,055,072		12,705,581		5,626,385		3,851,691
Net change in fund balances	\$	928,406	\$	3,760,220	_\$_	(4,739,869)	\$	2,067,945
Debt service as a percentage								
of noncapital expenditures		24.7%		44.1%		21.4%		15.2%

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditure categories.

Schedule 5
Lehi City
Tax Revenues by Source
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year			General Use and Sales Tax		]	Franchise Tax	of	es in Lieu Personal Property Tax	Total
1997	\$	1,295,766	\$	1,199,409	\$	161,118	\$	159,334	\$ 2,815,627
1998		700,036		1,342,511		481,367		188 <b>,66</b> 8	2,712,582
199 <b>9</b>		<i>7</i> 71,483		1, <b>603</b> ,597		521,700		200,775	3,097,555
2000		857,453		1,786,233		572,173		197 <b>,72</b> 5	3,413,584
2001		2,050,143		2,446,381		852,345		340 <b>,26</b> 5	5,689,134
2002		1,470,180		2,266,702		1,346,252		400 <b>,96</b> 1	5 <b>,4</b> 84,095
2003		3,294,633		2,212,632		1,482,720		335 <b>,78</b> 2	<b>7,3</b> 25,7 <b>67</b>
2004		4,471,736		2,356,721		1,608,100		340 <b>,50</b> 4	<b>8,7</b> 77,061
2005		4,557,879		2,688,208		1,8 <b>64,64</b> 0		333,893	9,444,620
2006		4,953,427		3,946,940		2,186,651		503,721	11,590,739
Growth									
1997-2006		282.3%		229.1%		1257.2%		216.1%	311.7%

Note: Prior to implementation of GASB 34 in 2003 property tax revenue information is provided for general fund only.

#### Schedule 6 Lehi City Direct Taxable Sales by Category Last Six Calendar Years

Category

			<u> </u>			
Calendar			Business Equipment			City Direct Sales Tax
Year	Retail	Services	& Utilities	Other	Total	Rate
2001	\$ 61,748,545	\$ 16,624,210	\$ 39,916,089	\$ 19,758,783	\$ 138,047,627	1.00 %
2002	67,361,754	19,769,806	35,668,882	31,179,109	153,979,551	1.00
2003	69,038,784	17,360,572	33,581,299	32,809,516	152,790,171	1.00
2004	73,78 <b>0,4</b> 06	1 <b>7,80</b> 4,639	45,816,443	38,537,300	175,938,788	1.00
2005	81,312,086	19 <b>,627,4</b> 80	49,472,357	16,675,432	167,087,355	1.00
2006	118,687,003	27 <b>,774</b> ,877	71,333,454	33,988,557	251,783,891	1.00

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

Information for years prior to 2001 is not readily available for presentation.

Schedule 7
Lehi City
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year (2)	Real Property	Personal Property (3)	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
1997	\$ 646,213,914	\$ 40,697,650	\$ 686,911,564	0.001897	86 <b>8,93</b> 4,537	79. <b>1%</b>
1998	413,301,870	43,861,401	457,163,271	0.001918	61 <b>2,96</b> 5,224	74.6
1999	393,074,962	40,716,942	433,791,904	0.001861	70 <b>7,65</b> 1,390	61.3
2000	419,241,616	47,281,026	466,522,642	0.002486	723,256,003	64.5
2001	513,373,413	48,357,888	561,731,301	0.002552	733,714,100	7 <b>6.6</b>
2002	681,393,303	35,036,732	716 <b>,430</b> ,035	0.002452	1,191,215,705	60.1
2003	834,159,420	291,471,697	1,125,631,117	0.002541	1,557,999,509	7 <b>2.2</b>
2004	852,926,407	166,657,163	1,019,583,570	0.002462	1,675,255,691	<b>60.9</b>
2005	1,012,159,310	142,807,609	1,154,966,919	0.002663	1,67 <b>8,42</b> 3,396	6 <b>8.8</b>
<b>20</b> 06	1,597,480,058	106,666,087	1,704,146,145	0.002604	2,370,356,176	71 <b>.9</b>

- (1) Values were obtained from the Utah County Auditor and do not include properties which are taxed separately under tax increment programs. The decrease in 1998 occurred because the value of certain properties was diverted to tax increment programs. The dramatic increase in personal property in 2003 was due to a reassessment of personal property at the Micron Technology facility. The decrease in assessed and personal property values in 2004 was due to a reassessment of several large properties in Lehi.
- (2) Numbers based on calendar year not fiscal year.
- (3) Personal Property has been combined with centrally assessed values.

#### Schedule 8 Lehi City Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

	Total		of the Levy	Collections	Total Collecti	ions to Date	
Fiscal Year	Tax Levy (1)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
1997	\$ 1,313,567	<u> </u>	0%	<u> </u>	\$ 1,475,145	112.30	
1998	842,824	-	-	=	900,026	106.79	
1999	1,010,691	-	=		934.457	92.46	
2000	1,263,887	_	_	_	1,072,322	84.84	
2001	1,824,013	-	_	_	1,763,091	96.66	
2002	2,284,123	-	_	-	1,974,618	86.45	
2003	2,929,044	-	-	-	2,529,492	86.36	
2004	2,763,289	2,137,696	77.36	143,510	2,281,206	82.55	
2005	2,350,221	2,482,760	105.64	(30,316)	2,452,444	104.35	
2006	3,167,943	2,962,266	93.51	138,512	3,100,778	97.88	

Note: Years preceding 2004 reflect total collections, including delinquent collections, relative to the tax levy. Year 2004 begins tracking collections by levy year as specified by GASB 44.

Source: Utah County Treasurer

(1) Fluxuations in the total tax levy are due to adjustments related to the Apline Highway EDA.

Schedule 9
Lehi City
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates
Last Seven Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates City State of Utah Mass Direct **Fiscal Transit** Total County Utah Year Rate (1) 6.25 % 0.25 % 0.25 % 4.75 % 2000 1.00 % 1.00 4.75 0.25 0.25 6.25 2001 0.25 6.25 4.75 0.25 2002 1.00 0.25 6.25 4.75 0.25 2003 1.00 6.25 2004 1.00 4.75 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 6.25 1.00 4.75 2005 6.25 0.25 0.25 1.00 4.75 2006

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments and agencies that apply to taxable sales within the City.

(1) Of the total sales taxes assessed by municipalities within the state, 50 percent is distributed based on point of sale and 50 percent is pooled and distributed based on population.

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

Schedule 10
Lehi City
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	9.729	10.464	10.884	11.307	11.144	11.194	12.243	12.404	12.580	11.145
	Other	0.440	0.416	0.414	0.390	0.366	0.348	0.358	0.360	0.351	0.504
Lehi	Metropolitan Water District	0.009	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.010	0.011	0.011
Northern Utah	County water Conservancy District	0.039	0.043	0.040	0.040	0.037	0.036	0.036	0.035	0.033	0.028
Central Utah	water Conservancy District	0.342	0.397	0.396	0.377	0.369	0.358	0.358	0.353	0.400	0.036
	Utah County	1.545	1.266	1.197	1.116	1.038	1.034	1.053	1.065	1.040	1.079
oriel A	School District	5.457	6.410	6.962	6.884	6.769	6.953	7.884	8.119	8.082	6.883
	Total	1.897	1.918	1.861	2.486	2.552	2.452	2.541	2.462	2.663	2.604
Lehi City (1)	Service Fund	•			1	1		ı	1		•
	General Fund	1.897	1.918	1.861	2.486	2.552	2.452	2.541	2.462	2.663	2.604
	Fiscal Year	1661	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments and agencies that apply to property owners within the City. Tax rates are set by Utah County on a calendar year basis rather than a July 1 to June 30 fiscal year. Tax rates are per dollar of assessed value.

(1) The City's certified property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city council, after holding one or more truth-in-taxation public hearings.

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

Schedule 11
Lehi City
Principal Sales Tax Payers
Current Year and Two Years Ago

		2006			2005	
Taxpayer	Sales Tax (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Sales Tax (1)	Sales Tax (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Sales Tax (1)
Cabelas Retail	N/A	1	17.04%	N/A	-	
Jack B Parson Co.	N/A	2	11.56	N/A	1	10.84%
Lehi City	N/A	3	3.83	N/A	4	4.66
Lone Peak Trailer Sales	N/A	4	3.80	N/A	3	5.70
Albertsons	N/A	5	3.45	N/A	2	7.50
Questar Gas Co.	N/A	6	2.60	N/A	6	2.74
Kohlers Inc.	N/A	7	2.39	N/A	5	4.57
Truck World	N/A	8	2.32	N/A		-
Metalmart Co.	N/A	9	1.85	N/A	7	2.50
Lehi Block	N/A	10	1.81	N/A		-
Vinyl Industries	N/A	-	-	N/A	8	2.39
Thanksgiving Point	N/A	-	-	N/A	9	2.08
Standard Plummers	N/A	-	-	N/A	10	1.45
Total	<b>\$</b> 1,472,873		50.65%	\$ 754,333		45.97%

(1) Sales tax information is considered proprietary and cannot be shown by individual payer, so the group is shown in the aggregate.

N/A = Not applicable

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

#### Schedule 12 Lehi City Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2006			1997	
Тахрауег	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Micron Technology, Inc.	\$ 114,694,100	1	6.73%	\$ 381,997,352	1	58.10%
Cabelas Retail	29,833,486	2	1.75			
Thanksgiving Point L.C.	29,63 <b>7,04</b> 0	3	1.74	1,203,075	6	0.18
Fox Ridge Investments LLC	20,141,425	4	1.18	, ,		*****
Thai Properties, LLC	17,9 <b>53,78</b> 0	5	1.05			
Whistle Stop Development Corp.	8,16 <b>5,60</b> 4	6	0.48			
Point Development L.C.	7,200,000	7	0.42			
Qwest Corp	7,089,595	8	0.42	6,837,890	2	1.04
Museum of Ancient History	6,0 <b>75,00</b> 0	9	0.36	3,001,000	-	1.07
Costco Wholesale Corp.	5,9 <b>94,00</b> 0	10	0.35			
Mountain Fuel Supply Co.				1,606,090	3	0.24
Lehi Lodging L.C.				1,579,465	4	0.24
Thomas J Peck & Sons Inc.				1,400,941	5	0.21
Metro West Ready-Mix Inc.				1,168,200	7	0.18
Union Pacific Railroad Co.				1,048,230	8	0.16
Devere Fowler LTD				989,157	9	0.15
Kohler's Market				793,374	10	0.12
Total	<b>\$</b> 246,78 <b>4,03</b> 0		14.48%	398,623,774		60.62%

Source: Utah County Assessor

Schedule 13
Lehi City
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Six Fiscal Years

			님	₹	<u></u>	73.	946	7.	4 1	8
		Per	Capita (	,; 5,	7,	7	2,5	·	ì	7,
	Percentage	of Personal	Income (1)	N/A	N/A	15.49%	14.85%	15 210%	0/17:01	10.34%
	Total	Primary	Government	\$ 53,188,795	\$ 51,087,687	\$ 72,394,600	\$ 76,394,286	N13 CNC 02 9	10,242,01	\$ 85,108,226
	Special	Assessment	Bonds	\$ 3,697,162	3,534,002	3,360,666	3,177,111	300 100	2,004,123	2,383,954
		Capital	Leases	\$ 251,026	379,108	364.084	237,696	000	134,803	420,591
Business-Type Activities	Dainage	Revenue	Bonds	\$ 2,125,000	2,015,000	1.900,000	1 780 000	000	1,655,000	1,525,000
Business-Ty	Electric	Revenue	Bonds	\$ 4,097,198	3,905,348	3,703,498	3 491 648	2000 0000	3,709,198	8,892,948
	Sewer*	Revenue	Bonds	\$ 726,034	674.797	\$57 169	566 848	2.000	508,311	446,124
	Water	Revenue	Bonds	\$ 3,260,885	3.044.230	5 431 412	5 214 858	2226. 176	4,838,304	4,451,752
1		Note	Pavable	\$ 23,024,494	22.004.405	18 947 673	30,006,764	17,000,00	39,127,461	39,276,305
		Capital	Leases	\$ 558,608	729 974	805 324	547.633	Jan. 17.	292,194	679,356
53	Special	Assessment	Bonds	\$ 5367.838	5 130 998	4 879 333	4612 000	4,012,000	3,780,987	3,461,254
Governmental Activities	Excise Tax	Road	Bonds	\$ 2340,000	2 075 000	4 080 000	4 555 000	4,000,000	4,115,000	3,660,000
3	Sewer	Revenue	Bonds	\$ 1225,550	1 139 825	1 050 025	020,000,1	V.O.O.Y	860,425	755,650
	]	Revenue	Bonds	0005159 8	6.455.000	900,000,9	000,000,0			•
	Sales Tax	Revenue	Bonds		•	•	000 376 61	12,240,000	17,036,200	19,155,292
		Fisca	Year	2001	2002	7007	5007	707	2005	2006

1) See Schedule 23 for personal income and population dat

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statement \* 63.5% of the Sewer Revenue bonds are repaid by the RDA with the remaining 36.5% payable by sewer fun

N/A=Not Available

Information prior to 2001 is not readily available for presentation

## Schedule 14 Lehi City. Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Other	T-4-1	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of	Per
		Bonds	Total	Property (1)	Capita (2)
1997	<b>\$</b> 178, <b>94</b> 1	\$ -	\$ 178,941	0.026%	\$ 11.57
1998	-	-	-	_	_
1999	-	-	-	_	_
2000	-	_	-	-	_
2001	-	_	-	_	_
2002	-	-	-	-	-
2003	-	-	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-	-	-
2005	-	-	-	-	
2006	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> See Schedule 7 for property value data.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Schedule 23 for population data.

### Schedule 15 Lehi City Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2006

	Debt	Estimated Percentage Applicable to	Estimated Amount Applicable to
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Lehi (1)	Lehi
Lehi City	\$ 66,987,857.00	100.00 %	\$ 66,987,857
State of Utah	1,514,510,000	0.90	13,630,590
Utah County	17,4 <b>40,0</b> 00	7.00	1,220,800
Alpine School District	<b>269,800,0</b> 00	12.70	34 <b>,264</b> ,600
Central Utah Water Conservancy District	314,769,820	1.60	5,036,317
Total			\$ 121,140,164

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Lehi. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by each overlapping unit's total taxable assessed value.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Alpine School District; Utah County Auditor's Office; Central Utah Water Conservancy District

Schedule 16
Lehi City
Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year	Year					
		1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005		2006
Debt Limit	69	29,029,063	\$ 29,029,063 \$ 24,518,609	\$ 28,306,056	\$ 28,930,240	\$ 29,348,564	\$ 47,648,628	\$ 28,930,240 \$ 29,348,564 \$ 47,648,628 \$ 62,319,980 \$ 67,010,228 \$	\$ 67,010,228	\$ 67,136,936 \$ 94,814,247	<b>∽</b>   ∘	94,814,247
Total debt applicable to limit		178,941	•	•	•	•	ı		•	•		•
Legal debt margin	S	28,850,122	\$ 28,850,122 \$ 24,518,609	\$ 28,306,056	\$ 28,930,240	\$ 29,348,564	\$ 47,648,628	\$ 62,319,980	\$ 67,010,228	\$ 67,136,930	<b> %</b>	\$ 94,814,247
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of												

limit as a percentage of debt limit

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2006

Estimated market value \$ 2,370,356,176

Debt limit (4% of market value) 94,814,247

Debt applicable to limit

Legal debt margin \$ 94,814,247

Source: Utah State Tax Commission; Utah County Auditor's Office

## Schedule 17 Lehi City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Water Revenue Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Net Revenue

	Fiscal		Gross	Operating	for Debt		Debt Se	ervic	e R <b>equi</b> rem	ents	(3)	
	Year		Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Service	_	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
•	1997	- \$	1,613,513	\$ 642,133	\$ 971,380	\$	247,564	\$	234,334	\$	481,898	2.02
	1998		1,654,885	65 <b>8,59</b> 8	9 <b>96,2</b> 87		<b>199,</b> 809		131,611		331,420	3.01
	1999		2,705,317	940,009	1,765,308		173,565		1 <b>56,8</b> 55		330,420	5.34
	2000		2,663,776	93 <b>4,19</b> 6	1,729,580		174,615		1 <b>89,4</b> 88		364,103	4.75
	2001		2,889,463	1,195,619	1,693,844		215,635		241,468		457,103	3.71
	2002		2,995,023	1,503,953	1 <b>,491,07</b> 0		216,655		234,224		45 <b>0,87</b> 9	3.25
	2003		3,565,066	1,467,649	2,097,417		270,000		188,123		458,123	5.33
	2004		4,314,572	1,517,999	2,796,573		215,000		178,461		39 <b>3,46</b> 1	7.11
	2005		5,745,050	1,885,130	3,8 <b>59,9</b> 20		375,000		181,287		556,287	6.94
	<b>20</b> 06		7,097,064	1,921,382	5,175,682		385,000		170,345		55 <b>5,34</b> 5	9.32

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees). Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water combined.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation. Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water combined.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water.

Schedule 18
Lehi City
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Sales Tax		Deb			
Year	_	Revenue	•	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
1997	\$	1,199,409	\$		\$ -	\$ -	
1998		1,199,409		-	_	_	_
1999		1,342,511		-	-	_	_
2000		1,603,597		-	-	_	_
2001		1,786,233		_	-	_	_
2002		2,446,381		_	_	_	_
2003		2,266,702		_	-	_	_
2004		2,212,632		-	122,117	122,117	18.12
2005		2,356,721		460,000	464,929	924,929	2.55
2006		2,688,208		480,000	454,353	934,353	2.88

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Schedule 19
Lehi City
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Excise Tax Road Bonds
Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Excise Tax	De			
Year	Revenue	Principal Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
1997	\$ 503,752	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	-
1998	529,763	-	-	-	-
<b>199</b> 9	554,521	-	-	-	-
<b>200</b> 0	643,476	-	102,757	1 <b>02,</b> 757	6.26
2001	665,089	210,000	9 <b>8,72</b> 7	308,727	2.15
2002	742,333	215,000	9 <b>0,6</b> 74	<b>305,</b> 674	2.43
2003	822,755	225,000	86,652	311,652	2.64
2004	963,466	425,000	163,526	588,526	1.64
2005	791,544	440,000	149,467	<b>589,</b> 467	1.34
2006	1,019,426	455,000	134,420	589,420	1.73

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Schedule 20 Lehi City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Sewer Revenue Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Revenue

					Available							
Fiscal		Gross	Operating		for Debt		Del	ot Se	rvice Requir	reme	nts	
Year	_	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	_	Service	•	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
1997	\$	1,269,943	\$ 989,157	\$	280,786	\$	-	\$	70,771	` <b>\$</b> _	70,771	3.97
1998		1,302,506	1,014,520		<b>28</b> 7,986		110,000		119,287		229,287	1.26
1999		1,633,279	1,012,492		620,787		115,000		114,923		229,923	2.70
2000		1,705,778	1,151,625		554,153		120,000		110,045		230,045	2.41
2001		1,770,266	1,317,938		452,328		125,000		104,775		229,775	1.97
2002		1,887,350	1,320,449		566,901		135,000		99,054		234,054	2.42
2003		1,994,768	1,379,930		614,838		140,000		92,865		232,865	2.64
2004		2,329,374	1,690,985		638,389		145,000		86,309		231,309	2.76
2005		2,772,212	2,023,456		<b>7</b> 48,756		155,000		78,520		233,520	3.21
2006		3,866,141	2,322,166		1,543,975		165,000		69,400		234,400	6.59

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees and debt service funded by the RDA).

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

# Schedule 21 Lehi City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Electric Revenue Bonds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Revenue Available

Coverage
-
-
<b>4</b> .76
5.15
(0.62)
0.37
5.16
5.66
7.44
18.06

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees).

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

# Schedule 22 Lehi City Pledged-Revenue Coverage Drainage Revenue Bonds Last Seven Fiscal Years

Net Revenue

	Fiscal	Gross		Operating		for Debt		Deb	t Se	rvice Requir	emei	nts	
_	Year	Revenues (1)	_	Expenses (2)		Service	_	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
	2000	\$ 291,329	\$	8,431	<b>\$</b> _	282,898	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
	2001	452,545		2,434		450,111		75,000		-		75,000	6.00
	2002	432,424		2,250		430,174		110,000		113,002		223,002	1.93
	2003	461,452		31,166		430,286		115,000		107,722		222,722	1.93
	2004	430,649		7,012		423,637		120,000		102,087		222,087	1.91
	2005	39 <b>9,46</b> 7		33,387		366,080		125,000		96,087		221,087	1.66
	2006	73 <b>2,35</b> 3		10,294		722,059		130,000		89,837		219,837	3.28

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Drainage fund created in 2000.

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees).

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

## Schedule 23 Lehi City Demographic and Economic Statics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal			Personal		Per Capita Personal	Unemployment
Year	<u>Population</u>	_	Income (1)	_	Income (2)	Rate (3)
1997	15,466	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	2.3 %
1998	17,128		N/A		N/A	2.8
1999	18,325		N/A		N/A	3.1
2000	19,028		N/A		N/A	3.1
2001	20,930		N/A		N/A	3.2
2002	24,122		N/A		N/A	4.9
2003	26,314		467,532,604		19,382	4.0
2004	30,000		514,465,014		19,551	3.8
2005	34,433		613,170,000		<b>20,4</b> 39	3.6
2006	37,558		727,224,960		21,120	2.5

- (1) Estimates of total personal income are derived by multiplying per capita personal income amounts by the corresponding population.
- (2) Per capita personal income amounts are for Utah County. The amounts shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., amounts for calendar year 2005 are shown in fiscal year 2006. Amounts for calendar year 2005 are estimated at 2 percent greater than calendar year 2004 amounts.
- (3) Unemployment rates are for Utah County. The rates shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., rates for calendar year 2005 are shown in fiscal year 2006.

#### N/A = Not available

Sources: Population information provided by the Lehi Planning Department. Per capita peronal income information provided by the Governor's office of Planning & Budget. Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### Schedule 24 Lehi City Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2006 (1)			1997 (1)	
Employer	Estimated Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
IM Flash	1,000	1	N/A	N/A	1	N/A
Xango	600	2	N/A	N/A	2	N/A
Cabela's	400	3	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
Thanksgiving Point	350	4	N/A	N/A	4	N/A
Hadco	274	5	N/A	N/A	5	N/A
Jack B Parson Co.	250	6	N/A	N/A	6	N/A
Costco	200	7	N/A	N/A	7	N/A
Young Living	120	8	N/A	N/A	8	N/A
Lowes	117	9	N/A	N/A	9	N/A
Albertsons	90	10	N/A	N/A	10	N/A

(1) The City has not collect employee information as part of the business license or any other process.

N/A = Not Available

Schedule 25
Lehi City
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Three Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2004	2005	2006
General government			
Court	3.5	5	6
Administrative	5.5	6.5	7.5
Treasury	4	4.5	5.5
Finance	4	4.5	4.5
Legislative (1)	6	6	6
Public safety			
Police	32	35.5	37.5
Fire	22	22	27
Animal Control	1	1	1
Community development			
Public Works Administration	4.5	5	5
Planning and Zoning	6	7.5	7.5
Inspections	7.5	9	10
Streets and Highways			
Streets and Public Improvements	10	9.5	11
Park, recreation and culture			
Parks	5.5	12.5	17.5
Senior Citizens	2	3	3
Recreation	47	109.5	113.5
Library	10.5	13	13
Cemetery	2.5	3.5	3.5
Culinary Water	8	8.5	8.5
Sewer	2.5	3	3
Power	15.5	16	17
Garbage (2)	-	=	-
Secondary Water	2.5	2.5	3.5
Drainage (3)	-	-	-

Note: Full-time equivalent employees shown are based on authorized positions as determined by the salary schedule and the personnel budgets for the specified year.

- (1) Legislative is made up of a part-time mayor and 5 part-time council members.
- (2) Garbage service is contracted out to a private hauler.
- (3) The public works director oversee drainage. The cleaning and necessary repairs are done by all three water departments.

Schedule 26
Lehi City
Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function/Program	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Community development										
Residential building permits issued	113	103	548	442	437	637	307	817	1.188	1 452
Commercial building permits issued	21	9	. 18	62	50	53	16	47	29	34
Court									}	
Traffic and Misdemeanor cases handled	3,029	3,188	3,356	3,532	3,718	3,914	4,120	8,706	9,482	12,776
Police										
Calls for service	5,339	5,740	6,170	6,633	7,130	7,665	8,240	15,000	11,453	12,252
Arrests	426	460	497	537	579	625	675	712	092	816
Violations cited	4,575	4,973	5,405	5,875	6,386	6,941	7,545	11.095	12.264	13.712
Fire										•
Fire/Medical responses	893	981	1,078	1,053	1,158	1.272	1.398	1.576	1.690	2.213
Recreation				•		•		1		1
Recreation programs	43	45	46	48	50	51	53	55	9	62
Participants in recreation programs	3,195	3,847	4,232	4,965	6,213	6,913	7,691	891	11.057	12.176
Library									•	Î
Books in collection	11,168	12,323	13,597	15,004	16,555	18,268	20,157	21.457	22.820	24.959
Books circulated	107,062	123,060	141,448	162,584	186,878	214,802	246.899	273,811	304.798	268.383
Cemetery						•	•			
Acres maintained	28	28	28	30	30	30	30	35	35	35
Total gravesites	20,808	20,928	21,048	21,168	21,288	21,408	21,528	21,648	21,768	21.888
Culinary Water		٠							•	
Residential accounts serviced	3,880	4,100	4,349	4,525	5,108	5,769	6,271	6,985	8.548	9.605
Average daily consumption	904	982	1,068	1,161	1,261	1,371	1,490	1,770	1,847	1,729
(thousands of gallons)										
Sewer										
Sewer lines miles inspected	42	4	46	49	51	54	57	99	77	75
Power										
Accounts serviced	4,120	4,271	4,475	6,142	6,411	6,515	7,082	7,887	9,381	10,123
Megawatt hours sold Secondary Water	163	177	192	209	227	247	798	159	171	172
Accounts serviced	3,880	4.100	4.349	4.525	5.108	6923	6 271	8569	8 548	2090
				1	2	5.6		27.75	04-7-60	7,001

Schedule 27
Lehi City
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function/Program	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Streets and Highways									!	
Street lights	809	724	754	778	818	1,032	1,105	1,217	1,297	1,436
Street miles	62	85	88	06	92	110	123	14	169	195
Police										;
Vehicles	14	15	17	18	19	21	23	25	27	30
Fire										
Fire stations		-		-		1	-		-	_
Fire vehicles	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Ambulances	2	7	2	2	3	3	æ	3	3	3
Public works										;
Incorporated area in square miles	14	18	20	21	22	56	28	32	32	32
City building in square feet	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	212,000	220,000
Parks and recreation								:	į	,
Park acreage	29	49	110	118	118	160	160	168	181	195
Baseball/softball diamonds	5	5	\$	5	5	S	<b>∞</b>	∞	∞	8
Scoccer fields		_	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Culinary water									,	į
Water main line miles	80	112	120	127	136	148	151	163	178	201
Storage capacity										
(thousands of gallons)	1,500	1,500	3,500	4,300	4,300	4,300	2,000	2,000	<b>2,00</b> 0	10,000
Sewer									;	;
Sewer line miles	55	75	06	92	108	108	114	132	134	141
Secondary water									;	•
Seondary water main line miles	99	64	110	113	121	129	138	147	163	186
Power									,	4
Power main feeder line miles	75	114	114	131	148	165	183	187	189	\$07

N/A = Not available

#### Schedule 28 Lehi City Impact Fee Schedule

Lehi City collects impact fees in the areas detailed below. The following is a summary of the impact fees outstanding at June 30, 2006 by year of collection:

Fiscal year 2005 Fiscal year 2006 Unspent impact fees - June 30, 2006	CULINARY WATER 1,199,786	PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION - 1,214,946 1,214,946	SEWER 62,323 802,143 864,466	685,624 685,624	ROAD 1,543,524 1,543,524	PARKS 1,053,356 2,203,165 3,256,521
Budgeted expenditures for capital projects in fiscal year 2007, for which impact fees will be used:  Estimated unspent impact fees - June 30, 2007	(1,100,000)	<b>(90</b> 0,000)	(20 <b>0,00</b> 0)	(5,000,000)	(1,120,000)	(2,500,000)
Lehi City will budgeted to use all unspent impact fee	<b>9</b> 9,786	314,946	664,466	<b>(4,3</b> 14,376)	423,524	756,521

Lehi City will budgeted to use all unspent impact fee funds within fiscal years 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011.

#### **LEHI CITY CORPORATION**

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

REPORT ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE

MANAGEMENT LETTER

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

### OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated December 1, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, and the Utah State Auditor's Office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Osborne Kallins & Balla PLLC

December 1, 2006

### OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (City), for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2006. As part of our audit, we have audited the City's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended June 30, 2006. The City received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

B & C Road Funds Liquor Law Enforcement

(Department of Transportation) (State Tax Commission)

The City also received the following nonmajor grants which are not required to be audited for specific compliance requirements: (However, these programs were subject to testwork as part of the audit of the City's Financial statements.)

Land and Water Conservation Fund Program

Library Grants

(Department of Natural Resources, Division of State Parks and Recreation)
(Department of Community and Economic Development, State Library Division)

Our audit also included testwork on the City's compliance with the following general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
B & C Road Funds
Truth in Taxation & Property Tax
Limitations
Impact Fees

Other General Issues
Budgetary Compliance
Justice Court
Liquor Law Enforcement
Uniform Building Code
Standards
Asset Forfeiture

The management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above

occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed immaterial instances of noncompliance with requirements referred to above, which are described in the accompanying management letter. We considered these instances of noncompliance in forming our opinion on compliance, which is expressed in the following paragraph.

In our opinion, Lehi City Corporation, Utah, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to each of its major State assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Ostome Kollins & Bahla PLLC

December 1, 2006

## OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lehi City Corporation (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2006, we noted certain other matters for your consideration. This letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those other matters. Also, included are descriptions of immaterial instances of noncompliance. This letter does not affect our report dated December 1, 2005, on the financial statements of the City. Also, reportable conditions and material internal control weaknesses, if any, are included in our report dated December 1, 2006, in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

#### STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE

#### Fund Balance

State law requires that a reduction in fund balance be budgeted when unrestricted fund balance exceeds 18% of budgeted revenues. At June 30, 2006, the unrestricted fund balance is approximately 23% of the 2006-2007 budgeted revenues, not including budgeted impact fee revenue.

#### Recommendation

The City is required to budget the excess within the next budget year (fiscal year 2007-2008).

#### Management Response and Action Plan

Management will budget the required reduction in unrestricted fund balance in the general fund and anticipates reducing fund balance to the required level by June 2008.

#### impact fee refunds

According to state law, refunds of impact fees that have been previously paid to the City, in connection with the issuance of a building permit, are to include interest earned on the amounts that had been remitted to the City. We noted several instances wherein a refund of impact fees did not include the required interest amounts.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the City develop procedures wherein refunds of impact fees are reviewed for reasonableness and, as part of that review, verification that interest was appropriately included in the refund amount.

#### Management Response and Action Plan

The City agrees with this recommendation and will establish procedures to review the refunds and calculate interest to be paid with the refund.

#### OTHER COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **Bank reconciliations**

Procedures used to reconcile the cash accounts need to include a matching of credit card transactions and electronic transfers clearing the bank with the transactions recorded in the general ledger. It is only through a comprehensive reconciliation of all transactions that reconciling items such as outstanding checks, deposits in transit and other reconciling items can be verified.

#### Recommendation

Procedures used to reconcile the bank accounts need to be documented in writing. Reconciliations should be reviewed and the review should be documented by the reviewer signing off the reconciliation. Reconciling items should be documented with detail listings and explanations of unusual items.

#### Management Response and Action Plan

The city is addressing this area through the following plan:

- 1. The finance department has hired an outside accounting consultant to assist in the creation and implementation of procedures that will comprehensively reconcile cash accounts.
- Key personnel, including the Finance Director, the Treasurer, and the Senior Accountant will
  meet on a regular basis with the outside accounting consultant to review the reconciliation of
  all cash accounts and to ensure that procedures meeting the above recommendation have
  been established.
- 3. The City's bank has been contacted and has agreed to provide additional detail regarding the cash receipting of credit cards and online payments. This will facilitate the matching of cash receipts between the bank records and the general ledger.

#### **Accumulated Deficits**

At year end, the Garbage Fund had an accumulated deficit of \$238,660.

#### Recommendation

Management should reevaluate rates charged in this fund for its services and activities to ensure that revenues are sufficient to cover the operating expenses of the fund. If rates are not sufficient, transfers from the General fund or other sources should be budgeted and paid.

#### Management Response and Action Plan

The City acknowledges the deficit incurred by the Garbage Fund and has already taken steps to reduce the deficit. The City Council approved a City-wide recycling program, which is designed to reduce the waste stream to the solid waste transfer station where a majority of the costs occur. The City is also looking at a voluntary green waste program that will further reduce the amount of waste taken to the solid waste transfer station, resulting in lower tipping fees while collecting the same amount of revenue.

#### Reconciliation of landscape/sidewalk bonds and trust funds payable

Currently, the City has not implemented a system to reconcile landscape/sidewalk bonds payable to the liability recorded in the general ledger associated with these bonds. When the City receives such funds that are to be kept in trust, they are deposited into the City's main account, but currently a list is not maintained to identify which specific bonds are outstanding.

#### Recommendation

The Planning Department should prepare a spreadsheet to maintain a log of the bonds received by the City. This log should show the receipt, the status at any given time and the disposition of the funds as applicable. The log should be reconciled to the general ledger account that consists of the outstanding liability associated with the bonds. The log should be provided to the Senior Accountant at the end of each month for review.

#### Management Response and Action Plan

The Planning Department will prepare a listing of outstanding landscape/sidewalk bonds payable, reconcile the outstanding amounts to the general ledger and provide the reconciliation to the accounting manager.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ostone Killin & Balole, Pecc

December 1, 2006



153 North 100 East • P.O. Box 255 • Lehi, Utah 84043 - 1895 768-7100 • Fax: 768-7101

April 12, 2007

MacRay A. Curtis, CPA
Director, Local Government Division
State of Utah
Office of the State Auditor
PO Box 142310
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-2310

Dear Mr. Curtis,

This letter is in regard to your letter dated March 14, 2007 concerning Lehi City's financial report for year ending June 30, 2006 and Lehi City's failure to comply with Utah State statutes.

Your letter indicated Lehi City failed to comply with fund balance limitations as outlined in Utah State law. Because of this violation Lehi City needs to provide in writing a corrective action plan and contact person responsible for this plan.

First, allow me to say that it is not Lehi City's intension to ignore or be noncompliant with any Utah State statute. Plans have already been made to insure this noncompliance issue does not occur again. The corrective action plan to insure fund balance limitations are not exceeded will be to budget surplus more accurately and timely as well as transfer unused funds to the capital project fund to pay for projects in future years. Taking these much needed steps should insure that fund balance limitations are met.

It is my responsibility to ensure this corrective action plan is put into place and that it is carried out. I can be contacted at 801-768-7100 or by email at rfoggin@lehicity.com.

Sincerely,

Ron Foggin
Finance Director